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(54) **MICROORGANISMES OXYDANT LES NITRITES DANS L'EAU**

(54) **AQUATIC NITRITE OXIDISING MICROORGANISMS**

(57) The invention relates to the nitrification of wastewater and identification of microorganisms capable of participating in this process. Specifically, the invention provides a consortium of microorganisms capable of nitrite oxidation in wastewater, which consortium is enriched in members of the Nitrospira phylum. The invention also provides oligonucleotide primers and probes for the amplification or detection of DNA, kits comprising the primers and probes, and methods of detection and quantitating species in a sample.

ABSTRACT

The invention relates to the nitrification of wastewater and identification of microorganisms capable of participating in this process. Specifically, the invention provides a consortium of 5 microorganisms capable of nitrite oxidation in wastewater, which consortium is enriched in members of the *Nitrospira* phylum. The invention also provides oligonucleotide primers and probes for the amplification or detection of *Nitrospira* DNA, kits comprising the primers and probes, and methods of detection and quantitating *Nitrospira* species in a sample.

AQUATIC NITRITE OXIDISING MICROORGANISMS

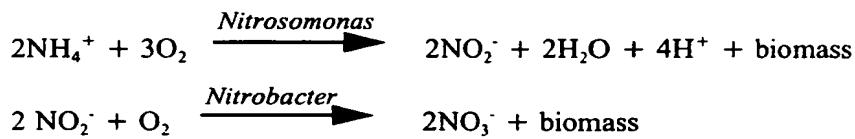
TECHNICAL FIELD

This invention relates to the removal of nitrogenous compounds from wastewater. In particular, the invention relates to an isolated consortium of microorganisms capable of nitrification of wastewater. 5 The invention also relates to methods of identifying microorganisms capable of nitrification of wastewater and oligonucleotide primers and DNA probes suitable for use in the methods.

INTRODUCTION

The removal of nitrogenous compounds from sewage effluents is an important aspect in the remediation of wastewaters. The presence of ammonia, nitrite and nitrate in wastewater discharges 10 can cause numerous problems ranging from eutrophication (Meganck and Faup, 1988) of the receiving aquatic environment to aspects of public health concern such as nitrate contamination of drinking water. Nitrogen is biologically removed from wastewaters in a two step process of nitrification (ammonia oxidised to nitrate) (Randall, 1992; Robertson and Kuenen, 1991) and 15 denitrification (nitrate reduced to dinitrogen gas that dissipates into the atmosphere) (Blackburn, 1983; Robertson and Kuenen, 1991). Nitrification is the first and most sensitive step of the process and can be further subdivided into two steps: ammonia oxidation to nitrite and nitrite oxidation to nitrate. The two steps are carried out by separate bacterial groups and for both groups, the total diversity of organisms with this phenotype is small.

Therefore, nitrification is a process where reduced nitrogen compounds, generally ammonium 20 (NH_4^+), are microbiologically oxidised to nitrate (NO_3^-) via nitrite (NO_2^-) under aerobic conditions (Halling-Sørensen and Jørgensen, 1993). The overall reactions and possible organisms responsible are:



25 The Gram negative chemoautotrophic nitrite oxidising bacteria are physiologically distinct, as they all possess the ability to use nitrite as their energy source and to assimilate CO_2 , via the Calvin Benson cycle, as a carbon source for cell growth (Bock *et al.*, 1992). For each molecule of CO_2 fixed, 100 molecules of nitrite need to be oxidized, emphasising the high energy demands placed on these cells. The overall stoichiometry of nitrite oxidation is (Halling-Sørensen and Jørgensen, 1993):



These bacteria can typically also use nitric oxide (NO) instead of NO_2^- as an electron source (Bock *et al.*, 1992). Not all of the known nitrifying bacteria are obligate chemoautotrophs. In fact, many strains of *Nitrobacter* can grow well as heterotrophs, where both energy and carbon are obtained from organic carbon sources, or mixotrophically (a combination of both autotrophic and

heterotrophic behaviour). These bacteria are collectively known as facultative chemoautotrophs. Therefore, bacterial strains can grow three ways; aerobically and autotrophically, aerobically and mixotrophically or anaerobically and heterotrophically. In mixotrophic growth, NO_2^- is oxidized in preference to organic carbon substrates like acetate, pyruvate and glycerol. Both autotrophic and heterotrophic growth is usually slow and inefficient.

As a generalisation, most strains of *Nitrobacter* seem to be able to grow faster as mixotrophs than as heterotrophs and faster heterotrophically or chemo-heterotrophically than chemoautotrophically.

Four genera are currently recognised: *Nitrobacter*, *Nitrospina*, *Nitrococcus* and *Nitrospira* (Halling-Sørensen and Jørgensen, 1993). *Nitrospina* and *Nitrococcus* are unable to grow heterotrophically or mixotrophically (Bock *et al.*, 1992). One species of *Nitrospira*, *Nitrospira marina*, can grow autotrophically and mixotrophically, (Bock *et al.*, 1992) whereas *Nitrospira moscoviensis* is an obligate autotroph (Ehrich, *et al.*, 1995). These nitrite oxidizers have also been conventionally classified based on phenotypic characters like their cell shape and the ultrastructure of their intracytoplasmic membranes. Doubling times of *Nitrobacter* can range from 12 to 59 hours, or even as long as 140 hours (Halling-Sørensen and Jørgensen, 1993). These are therefore very slow growing bacteria.

In wastewater treatment systems, *Nitrosomonas* (an ammonia oxidizer) and *Nitrobacter* (a nitrite oxidizer) are the two autotrophs presumed to be responsible for nitrification because they are the commonest ammonia and nitrite oxidizers isolated from these environments (Halling-Sørensen and Jørgensen, 1993). Although ammonia oxidizers have been intensively studied by the use of molecular methods (Wagner *et al.*, 1995; Wagner *et al.*, 1996), the nitrite oxidizers have not been similarly investigated. Since the microorganisms responsible for nitrite oxidation in wastewater treatment plants were presumed to be from the genus *Nitrobacter*, mathematical modeling of the process has used data relevant to this genus. However, fluorescent *in situ* hybridization (FISH) probing of activated sludge mixed liquors with *Nitrobacter* specific probes (Wagner *et al.*, 1996) could not confirm the presence of these organisms suggesting that they were not responsible for this major component of nitrogen remediation. Indeed, *Nitrobacter* could not be found in other aquatic environments (Hovanec and DeLong, 1996) when specific FISH probes were employed. It was speculated that other bacteria were likely responsible for nitrite oxidation (Hovanec and DeLong, 1996; Wagner *et al.*, 1996).

Knowledge of the microorganisms responsible for nitrification of wastewater is desirable for the efficient management of treatment systems. It would also be advantageous to have available biomass which can be added to a system to implement or improve nitrification. However, as indicated above, there is no certainty in the art as to the actual microorganisms responsible for nitrification nor are there methods available for identifying such organisms.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of the invention to provide a consortium of microorganisms that can be used for nitrification of wastewater.

5 A further object of the invention is to provide a method of identifying microorganisms capable of nitrification of wastewater.

According to a first embodiment of the invention, there is provided a consortium of microorganisms capable of nitrite oxidation in wastewater, which consortium is enriched in members of the *Nitrospira* phylum.

10 According to a second embodiment of the invention, there is provided an oligonucleotide primer for PCR amplification of *Nitrospira* DNA, said primer comprising at least 12 nucleotides having a sequence selected from:

- (i) any one of SEQ ID NO: 1 to SEQ ID NO: 13; or
- (ii) a DNA sequence having at least 92% identity with any one of SEQ ID NO: 1 to SEQ ID NO: 13.

15 According to a third embodiment of the invention, there is provided a primer pair for PCR amplification of *Nitrospira* DNA, said primer pair comprising:

(a) a first oligonucleotide of at least 12 nucleotides having a sequence selected from one strand of a bacterial 16S rDNA gene; and

20 (b) a second oligonucleotide of at least 12 nucleotides having a sequence selected from the other strand of said 16S rDNA gene downstream of said first oligonucleotide sequence; wherein at least one of said first and second oligonucleotides is selected from:

- (i) any one of SEQ ID NO: 1 to SEQ ID NO: 13; or
- (ii) a DNA sequence having at least 92% identity with any one SEQ ID NO: 1 to SEQ ID NO: 13.

25 According to a fourth embodiment of the invention, there is provided a probe for detecting *Nitrospira* DNA, said probe comprising at least 12 nucleotides having a sequence selected from:

- (i) any one of SEQ ID NO: 1 to SEQ ID NO: 13; or
- (ii) a DNA sequence having at least 92% identity with any one of SEQ ID NO: 1 to SEQ ID NO: 13.

30 According to a fifth embodiment of the invention, there is provided a kit comprising:
at least one primer according to the second embodiment;
at least one primer pair according to the third embodiment; or
at least one probe according to the fourth embodiment.

According to a sixth embodiment of the invention, there is provided a method of detecting a
35 *Nitrospira* species in a sample, said method comprising the steps of:

- (a) lysing cells in said sample to release genomic DNA;
- (b) contacting denatured genomic DNA from step (a) with a primer pair according to the third embodiment;
- 5 (c) amplifying *Nitrospira* DNA by cyclically reacting said primer pair with said DNA to produce an amplification product; and
- (d) detecting said amplification product.

According to a seventh embodiment of the invention, there is provided a method of quantitating the level of a *Nitrospira* species in a sample, said method comprising the steps of:

- 10 (a) lysing cells in said sample to release genomic DNA;
- (b) contacting denatured genomic DNA from step (a) with a primer pair according to the third embodiment;
- (c) amplifying *Nitrospira* DNA by cyclically reacting said primer pair with said DNA to produce an amplification product; and
- (d) detecting said amplification product and quantitating the level of said product by

15 comparison with at least one reference standard.

According to an eighth embodiment of the invention, there is provided a method of detecting a *Nitrospira* species in a sample, said method comprising the steps of:

- (a) lysing cells in said sample to release genomic DNA;
- (b) contacting denatured genomic DNA from step (a) with a labeled probe according to

20 the fourth embodiment under conditions which allow hybridisation of said genomic DNA said probe;

- (c) separating hybridised labeled probe and genomic DNA from unhybridised labeled probe; and
- (d) detecting said labeled probe-genomic DNA hybrid.

According to a ninth embodiment of the invention, there is provided a method of detecting

25 cells of a *Nitrospira* species in a sample, said method comprising the steps of:

- (a) treating cells in said sample to fix cellular contents;
- (b) contacting said fixed cells from step (a) with a labeled probe according to the fourth embodiment under conditions which allow said probe to hybridise with RNA within said fixed cell;
- (c) removing unhybridised probe from said fixed cells; and

30 (d) detecting said labeled probe-RNA hybrid.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is a graph showing influent and effluent NO₂-N concentrations for an automated laboratory-scale reactor operating as a sequencing batch reactor at 2 cycles/day with strong selection for nitrite oxidising biomass (NOSBR).

Figure 2 is a graph showing influent and effluent $\text{NO}_2\text{-N}$ concentrations of the NOSBR operating at 4 cycles/day.

Figure 3 is a graph of mixed liquor nitrite-N concentrations during the react period of the NOSBR cycle for attached growth and for suspended growth.

5 Figure 4 is a graph showing nitrite-N and nitrate-N concentrations in the mixed liquor during the react period of the NOSBR.

Figure 5 is a graph showing mixed liquor nitrite-N concentrations during the react period in three stages of the NOSBR operated at 2 cycles/day with different concentrations of nitrite in the feed.

10 Figure 6 is a graph of mixed liquor nitrite-N concentrations during the react period in three representative cycles during operation of the NOSBR at 4 cycles/day.

Figure 7 is an evolutionary distance tree derived from a comparison of 16S rDNA sequences from nitrite oxidising bacteria and clone sequences from three different 16S rDNA clone libraries (RC, GC, and SBR).

15 Figure 8 is an alignment of sequences of 16S rDNA from *Nitrospira* clones identified in a nitrite-oxidising SBR and from other sources.

Figure 9 depicts the results of agarose gel electrophoresis of PCR-amplified DNA using genomic DNA from various *Nitrospira* clones as template.

BEST MODE AND OTHER MODES OF CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

The following abbreviations are used hereafter:

20	SBR	sequencing batch reactor
	NOSBR	nitrite oxidising SBR
	NOM	nitrite oxidising medium
	HRT	hydraulic retention time
	MLSS	mixed liquor suspended solids
25	BNR	biological nutrient removal
	DO	dissolved oxygen
	PCR	polymerase chain reaction
	REA	restriction enzyme analysis
	OTU	operational taxonomic unit
30	bp(s)	base pair(s)

The one-letter code for nucleotides in DNA conforms to the IUPAC-IUB standard described in *Biochemical Journal* 219, 345-373 (1984).

The term "comprise", or variations of the term such as "comprises" or "comprising", are used herein to denote the inclusion of a stated integer or stated integers but not to exclude any other

integer or any other integers, unless in the context or usage an exclusive interpretation of the terms is required.

The present inventors have developed a specific nitrifying biomass that is largely comprised of bacteria that are most closely related to *Nitrospira moscoviensis*. It is believed that a range of species of *Nitrospira* are involved in the process. The inventors have shown that these bacteria are likely to be more dominant in reactors with good nitrification performance than bacteria from the genus *Nitrobacter*. A range of studies have failed to find *Nitrobacter* in nitrifying processes (Hovanec & DeLong, 1996; Wagner *et al.*, 1996) and evidence is provided below that the organisms responsible for this important biochemical reaction in wastewater treatment processes (both suspended and attached growth processes) are from the *Nitrospira* phylum in the domain *Bacteria*.

With reference to the first embodiment of the invention, the nitrifying biomass can be produced by presenting a feed comprising nitrite, dissolved oxygen and dissolved carbon dioxide but which is free of organic carbon to seed sludge from any sewage plant exhibiting nitrification. The seed sludge is advantageously from a domestic wastewater treatment plant but can also be from an abattoir wastewater treatment plant. The nitrite component of the feed can be as low as about 400 mg/L nitrite-N. The oxygen and carbon dioxide can conveniently be provided as air bubbled through the solution.

Turning to the second embodiment of the invention, oligonucleotide primers typically have a length of about 12 to 50 nucleotides. A preferred length is 12 to 22 nucleotides. Particularly preferred primers are the following:

5' CGGGAGGGAAGATGGAGC 3' (SEQ ID NO: 14)
 5' CCAACCCGGAAAGCGCAGAG 3' (SEQ ID NO: 15)
 5' AGCCTGGCAGTACCCTCT 3' (SEQ ID NO: 16)

Oligonucleotide primer pairs according to the third embodiment of the invention comprise an oligonucleotide primer that will anneal to one strand of the target sequence and a second oligonucleotide primer which will anneal to the other, complementary, strand of the target sequence. It will be appreciated that the second oligonucleotide primer must anneal to the complementary strand downstream of the first oligonucleotide primer sequence, which occurs in the complementary strand, to yield a double stranded amplification product in the PCR. The amplification product is of a size that facilitates detection. Typically, the first and second oligonucleotide primer sites in the target DNA are separated by 50 to 1,400 bps. A preferred separation is 400 to 1,000 bps.

The probes of the fourth embodiment, as indicated above, can have a size as small as 12 nucleotides. Typically, however, probes have a length of 15 to 50 nucleotides. A preferred probe length is 15 to 22 nucleotides, particularly for *in situ* hybridisation according to the method of the ninth embodiment.

The oligonucleotide primers included in kits according to the fifth embodiment of the invention can be individual oligonucleotide primers appropriate for the detection of *Nitrosospira* or a primer pair. Oligonucleotide primer pairs are advantageously provided as compositions. Additional oligonucleotide primers can also be included in kits for use in control reactions. For detection purposes, DNA probes 5 can also be included in kits.

Kits according to the fifth embodiment of the invention can further comprise reagents used in PCR and hybridisation reactions. Such reagents include buffers, salts, detergents, nucleotides and thermostable polymerase. Such reagents are advantageously provided as solutions to facilitate execution 10 of PCR or hybridisation. Solutions can be compositions comprising a number of reagents as is well known in the art.

The general techniques used in the methods of the sixth to ninth embodiments, and factors to be considered in selecting PCR primers and probes, will be known to those of skill in the art. Such techniques are described, for example, in Sambrook *et al.* (1989) and Stackebrandt and Goodfellow (1991), the entire contents of which are incorporated herein by cross reference. Particularly relevant 15 chapters in Stackebrandt and Goodfellow are Chapter 7, "The Polymerase Chain Reaction" by S. Giovannoni, and Chapter 8, "Development and Application of Nucleic Acid Probes" by D. A. Stohl and R. Amann.

Non-limiting examples of the invention will now be provided.

General Methods

20 The total community DNAs from the NOSBR sludge (RC) and the seed sludge (GC) were isolated, the 16S rDNAs were polymerase chain reaction (PCR) amplified and cloned using previously published methods (Blackall, 1994; Blackall *et al.*, 1994; Bond *et al.*, 1995). Inserts from 102 clones in the RC library were amplified and grouped by *Hae*III restriction enzyme digestion banding profiles (REA) into operational taxonomic units (OTUs) (Weidner *et al.*, 1996). Clone inserts from 25 representatives of RC OTUs and all 77 clones from the GC library were PCR amplified and partially sequenced (Blackall, 1994) using 530f (Lane, 1991) primer. Inserts from a selection of clones were fully sequenced (Blackall, 1994). Sequence data were analysed according to previously published methods (Blackall *et al.*, 1994) which included BLAST (Altschul *et al.*, 1990) comparisons and phylogenetic analyses (Felsenstein, 1993).

30 Example 1

Selection of a Nitrifying Biomass

In this example, we describe the use of a laboratory-scale reactor as a sequencing batch reactor (SBR) with strong selection for a nitrite oxidising biomass. Seed sludge was from the Merrimac domestic wastewater treatment plant operated by the Gold Coast City Council and located

at Merrimac, Queensland 4226, Australia. The reactor set-up will be hereafter referred to as the "Nitrite Oxidising SBR", or "NOSBR".

Reactor. A laboratory chemostat with a working volume of 1 L was operated in the dark at 24°C as the NOSBR. The influent nitrite oxidising medium (NOM) was a synthetic waste water mix comprising per L: 400 to 3,200 mg KNO₂, 3.75 g MgSO₄.7H₂O, 250 mg CaCl₂.2H₂O, 10 g KH₂PO₄, 10 g K₂HPO₄, 200 mg FeSO₄.7H₂O, and 20 g NaHCO₃. The pH of the medium was adjusted to 7.0, but the reactor was not equipped with pH control. Dissolved oxygen was maintained at 1.6-2.0 mg/L and CO₂ was introduced by bubbling air through the liquid in the NOSBR. Surface biomass growth was precluded by regular scrubbing of all solid surfaces with a brush. Four cycles per day giving a hydraulic retention time (HRT) of 12 hr were performed with the following sequences:-

- 1) Feed of 500 ml of fresh medium - 30 min (0 to 0.5 hr)
- 2) React (aeration) - 4.5 hr (0.5 to 5 hr)
- 3) Settle - 40 min (5 to 5.7 hr)
- 15 4) Decant 500 ml of supernatant - 20 min (5.7 to 6 hr)
- 5) Total time per cycle - 6 hr.

Automatic timers controlled the magnetic stirrer (100 rpm), peristaltic pumps (feed and decant), and air pump for the cycles. Sludge biomass was not wasted from the reactor, but periodically, biomass was collected for testing which facilitated maintenance of a relatively steady amount of 20 biomass in the SBR.

At start up, 1 L of mixed liquor suspended solids (MLSS) from a full scale Biological Nutrient Removal (BNR, nitrogen and phosphorus removal) plant was added to the NOSBR which was operated manually with the NOM. Initial manual and then automatic operation with 2-cycles per day (feed - [500 ml] 40 min; react - 10 hr; settle - 40 min; and decant [500 ml] - 40 min) occurred for 25 some months before initiation of the 4-cycles per day scheme (see above).

Monitoring. Chemical analyses of feed, mixed liquor and effluent were regularly done for nitrite-N (NO₂-N), nitrate-N (NO₃-N), and ammonium-N (NH₄⁺-N) using spectrometric assays (Merck, Melbourne, Australia). To preclude the removal of excessive biomass, these analyses were done with 2 ml samples. The MLSS of the NOSBR was determined in duplicate 10 ml samples of 30 mixed liquor. These were filtered onto pre-dried Whatman GF/C filters, and then dried to a constant weight at 105 degree C. A pH meter was used to periodically monitor pH in the mixed liquor and effluent. A portable dissolved oxygen (DO) meter and probe were used to periodically monitor the DO in the NOSBR.

Results of operation. Varying influent nitrite levels were employed to study a range of features 35 of the selected nitrite oxidising biomass. The operating data for the influent and effluent nitrite levels

of the NOSBR during the automated 2 cycles/day period are presented in Figure 1 and for the automated 4 cycles/day in Figure 2. The data presented in these figures show that the microbial community are able to remove all the nitrite from the influent in a matter of hours.

Attributes of the NOSBR mixed liquor

5 1. *Suspended versus attached growth - 2 cycles/day.* To generate attached growth, the regular scrubbing regime of the reactor was suspended for two weeks. The vast bulk of the biomass was then attached to surfaces in the reactor. The little remaining suspended biomass was discharged from the reactor which was then filled with 1 L of half strength NOM. Regular sampling and nitrite analyses were done during the react period of one cycle with all the biomass attached to the reactor surfaces.

10 The results of this experiment are presented in Figure 3. The results show that suspended biomass has twice the nitrite oxidation rate than the attached biomass but both systems are effective in removing nitrite from the influent.

Following the experiment described in the previous paragraph, the biomass was completely scrubbed from the surfaces to the liquid. The reactor was operated for two cycles with biomass 15 scrubbing. A similar one-cycle study was performed as with the attached growth but with all biomass suspended. The biofilm growth exhibited a nitrite oxidation rate of 29 mg NO₂-N/hr and the suspended growth form showed a rate of 58 mg NO₂-N/hr. It was assumed that the biomass concentration was the same for both studies since none had been removed between them.

20 2. *pH correlation with nitrification.* It was observed that when the pH of the effluent fell below 7.4, nitrite-N was present in the effluent. If the pH rose above 7.4 for short periods, no effect to nitrification was observed. Therefore, pH values below 7.4 were detrimental to nitrification.

25 3. *Cyclic studies.* Figure 4 shows the results for periodic measurements of nitrite-N and nitrate-N during the react period of the reactor during 2 cycles/day. The results presented in these figures show that the bacterial population in the reactor oxidised nitrite to nitrate in a stoichiometric manner with 160 mg/l of nitrite-N being oxidised to 160 mg/l of nitrate-N (170 mg/l at the start of the react period and 330 mg/l when the nitrite-N was exhausted). The rate of nitrite oxidation and nitrate production also appeared to be linear, showing that the oxidation process was not limited by any external factors.

30 Studies measuring nitrite reaction in the reactor are shown for both 2 cycles/day (Figure 5) and 4 cycles/day operation (Figure 6). The significance of these results is that the biomass is robust in its capacity to oxidise nitrite under a range of operating conditions.

Example 2

The Microbiology of the NOSBR

35 In this example, we describe the microbiological characterisation of the nitrifying microorganisms present in the biomass selected in the NOSBR described in Example 1. Methods used

in the characterisation have been described by Blackall (1994) and Bond *et al.* (1995), the entire contents of which disclosures are incorporated herein by cross-reference.

Total microbial community DNA from both the seed BNR sludge (GC) and from the reactor after six months of operation (RC) was obtained. The 16S rDNA from each DNA extract were 5 separately amplified by polymerase chain reaction (PCR), and then for each, clone libraries were prepared (Blackall, 1994; Bond *et al.*, 1995).

Inserts from a total of 77 clones from the GC clone library were partially sequenced with the primer 530f and phylogenetically analysed (Blackall *et al.*, 1994) (Table 1). The majority of the clone sequences grouped with the proteobacterial phylum, while 4% (3 clones; GC3, GC86 and GC109) 10 grouped with the phylum *Nitrospira*.

Table 1

Phyla from the Domain Bacteria Represented in the GC Clone Library

Phylum in Domain Bacteria	Percentage in clone library
Proteobacteria	
Alpha	5
Beta	29
gamma	18
delta	4
High mol %G+C Gram positives	10
Low mol %G+C Gram positives	7
<i>Flexibacter/Cytophaga/Bacteroides</i>	5
<i>Nitrospira</i>	4
Planctomycetales	9
Unaffiliated	9

15 Restriction Enzyme Analysis (REA) of the RC library was done to group clones into operational taxonomic units (OTUs) in advance of partial or complete clone insert sequencing (Weidner *et al.*, 1996). Thirteen different OTUs were found when *Hae*III was employed as the restriction enzyme to digest the inserts from 102 clones. The large majority of the clone inserts (88% or 90 clones) were found in one OTU while the remaining 12% (12 clones) comprised individuals in 12 other OTUs. Each of the clone inserts from the latter 12 OTUs and six of the large former group 20 (RC7, RC11, RC16, RC25, RC73, and RC99) were partially sequenced and phylogenetically analysed. These six and one of the other OTUs (RC90) were found to have partial insert sequences that phylogenetically grouped with the *Nitrospira* phylum. From this analysis, it was concluded that 91 clones or 89% of the clone library originated from bacteria in the *Nitrospira* phylum. In the

phylogenetic analysis, one of the other OTUs (RC44) grouped with *Nitrobacter*. It was concluded that the organisms responsible for nitrification in the NOSBR were likely to be from the *Nitrospira* phylum.

Near complete insert sequence analyses were done for the following clones:

5 - six RC clones of the original partial sequences - RC7, RC11, RC25, RC73, RC90, and RC99 (RC16 omitted);
- two RC clones from the *Nitrospira* OTU (RC14 and RC19);
- one of the three GC *Nitrospira* clones (GC86); and
- four clones from a clone library prepared by Bond *et al.* (1995) that phylogenetically grouped in
10 the *Nitrospira* phylum.

The data were phylogenetically analysed as shown in Figure 7. The two clone clades would likely comprise two separate species with the RC clones possibly comprising more than one species.

Sequences of clones from the two *Nitrospira* clades were subjected to direct pairwise sequence comparison. The results of this comparison are presented in Table 2. The table is a similarity matrix 15 showing the percent similarity between 16S rDNA sequences of *Nitrospira moscoviensis*, *Nitrospira marina* and 13 near complete sequences from clone inserts from a full scale biological nutrient removal activated sludge plant (GC86), from the NOSBR (RC clone numbers) and from clones for which the partial sequences had been previously reported (SBR clones; Bond *et al.*, 1995). The similarity matrix showed that the first clade (SBR1015, SBR1024, SBR2046, GC86) had an average
20 16S rDNA comparison value of 99.4% while for the second clade (RC7, RC11, RC14, RC19, RC25, RC73, RC90, RC99, SBR2016), this value was 98.7%. The highest comparative value between an RC clone sequence and *N. moscoviensis* was 93.4% for RC25. From the sequence data analysis, the two clone clades would likely comprise two separate species, with the RC clones possibly comprising more than one species.

25 Sequence data for the SBR, GC and RC clones are presented in Figure 8. In this figure, sequences are divided into blocks with numbers given in square brackets above each block. The clone identification is given at the left of a line of sequence in each block. Dashes represent unknown nucleotides while full stops represent alignment breaks.

The sequences of clones are also presented as sequence listings as follows:

<u>Clone</u>	<u>Sequence Listing Number</u>
SBR1024	1
SBR1015	2
GC86	3
SBR2046	4
RC25	5
RC19	6
SBR2016	7
RC7	8
RC14	9
RC99	10
RC11	11
RC73	12
RC90	13

Table 2

Species or clone	Percent sequence similarity with species of strain number														
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1. <i>Nitrospira moscoviensis</i>	96.3														
2. SBR1024	96.1	99.6													
3. SBR1015	96.1	99.6													
4. GC86	96.1	99.4													
5. SBR2046	95.8	99.3													
6. RC25	93.4	93.4	93.6	93.6	93.6	93.6	93.6	93.1							
7. RC19	93.2	93.1	93.0	93.2	93.2	92.7	92.7	98.8							
8. SBR2016	93.0	92.7	92.8	92.6	92.6	92.4	92.4	99.1	98.7						
9. RC7	92.9	93.1	93.2	92.9	92.9	92.8	92.8	98.7	98.7						
10 RC14	92.8	93.0	93.1	93.1	93.1	92.7	92.7	98.7	98.9	98.5					
11 RC99	92.7	92.9	93.0	93.0	92.6	92.6	92.5	98.5	98.7	98.4	99.2				
12 RC11	92.6	92.8	93.0	92.9	92.5	92.5	92.5	98.5	98.7	98.4	99.0	99.5			
13 RC73	92.2	92.5	92.6	92.6	92.1	92.1	92.0	98.2	97.9	97.9	98.7	99.1	99.4		
14 RC90	92.1	92.1	92.3	92.2	91.8	98.1	98.6	98.0	98.1	98.6	98.8	98.8	99.0		
15 <i>Nitrospira marina</i>	88.7	88.2	88.3	88.3	87.8	88.1	87.6	87.2	87.2	87.1	87.1	86.5	86.6		
16 <i>Nitrospira marina</i>	88.0	88.0	88.2	88.1	87.7	87.9	87.5	87.2	87.2	87.1	87.1	86.5	86.6	99.9	

Example 3

Identification of *Nitrospira* Species

Primers for use in a diagnostic PCR for the *Nitrospira moscoviensis* clade of Figure 7 (see Example 2) were designed from aligned sequence datasets (see Tables 3-5 below).

5 Table 3 is an alignment of 16S rDNA sequences of *Nitrospira* phylum members and nitrite oxidisers from other bacterial phyla which was used to design the primer MOS457f (SEQ ID NO: 14) for the *Nitrospira moscoviensis* clade. In the table, mismatches with the primer sequence are in bold type and are underlined. The melting temperature calculated for MOS457f was 60°C and a fragment size of approximately 1052 nucleotides was calculated in a PCR with primer 1492r. The MOS457f
10 sequence corresponds to the sequence at positions 440 to 457 of the *E. coli* 16S rDNA gene.

Table 3

Source of Sequence and Number of Sequence in Sequence Listings	Sequence	Mismatches
MOS457f primer (SEQ ID NO: 14)	CGGGAGGGAAAGATGGAGC	-
<i>Nitrococcus mobilis</i> (SEQ ID NO: 17)	<u>CAGCCGGAG<u>G</u><u>A</u><u>A</u><u>A</u><u>G</u>C</u> A	10
<i>Magnetobacterium bavaricum</i> (SEQ ID NO: 18)	<u>TGTAGGGAAAGAT<u>G</u><u>A</u><u>T</u><u>G</u></u> A	8
<i>Nitrobacter hamburgensis</i> (SEQ ID NO: 19)	<u>TGTGC<u>G</u><u>G</u><u>G</u><u>A</u><u>A</u><u>G</u><u>A</u><u>T</u><u>G</u><u>A</u></u>	7
<i>Nitrospina gracilis</i> (SEQ ID NO: 20)	CGGG <u>T</u> <u>G</u> <u>G</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>G</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u>	6
<i>Nitrospira marina</i> (SEQ ID NO: 21)	<u>CATGAGGGAAAGAT<u>A</u><u>A</u><u>G</u><u>T</u></u>	6
SBR1015 (SEQ ID NO: 22)	CGGC <u>A</u> <u>G</u> <u>G</u> <u>G</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>G</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u>	2
SBR1024 (SEQ ID NO: 22)	CGGC <u>A</u> <u>G</u> <u>G</u> <u>G</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>G</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u>	2
SBR2016 (SEQ ID NO: 23)	CGGGAGGGAAAGATGGAGC	0
SBR2046 (SEQ ID NO: 24)	<u>CCGC<u>A</u><u>G</u><u>G</u><u>G</u><u>A</u><u>A</u><u>G</u><u>A</u><u>C</u></u>	3
RC7 (SEQ ID NO: 23)	CGGGAGGGAAAGATGGAGC	0
RC11 (SEQ ID NO: 23)	CGGGAGGGAAAGATGGAGC	0
RC14 (SEQ ID NO: 23)	CGGGAGGGAAAGATGGAGC	0
RC19 (SEQ ID NO: 23)	CGGGAGGGAAAGATGGAGC	0
RC25 (SEQ ID NO: 23)	CGGGAGGGAAAGATGGAGC	0
RC73 (SEQ ID NO: 25)	CGGGAGGGAAAGAT <u>G</u> <u>G</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u>	1
RC90 (SEQ ID NO: 25)	CGGGAGGGAAAGAT <u>G</u> <u>G</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u>	1
RC99 (SEQ ID NO: 23)	CGGGAGGGAAAGATGGAGC	0
RC44 (<i>Nitrobacter</i> clone) (SEQ ID NO: 26)	<u>CGTGC<u>G</u><u>G</u><u>G</u><u>A</u><u>A</u><u>G</u><u>A</u><u>T</u><u>G</u><u>A</u></u>	6
GC86 (SEQ ID NO: 27)	CGGC <u>A</u> <u>G</u> <u>G</u> <u>G</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>G</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u>	2
<i>Nitrospira moscoviensis</i> (SEQ ID NO: 28)	CGGGAGGGAAAGAT <u>G</u> <u>G</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>G</u>	2

Like Table 3, Table 4 is an alignment of 16S rDNA sequences of *Nitrospira* phylum members and nitrite oxidisers from other bacterial phyla which was used to design the primer MOS638f (SEQ ID NO: 15) for the *Nitrospira moscoviensis* clade. Again, mismatches with the primer sequence are in bold and are underlined. The calculated melting temperature for this primer was 66°C and a fragment size of approximately 873 nucleotides was calculated in a PCR with primer 1492r. The MOS638f sequence corresponds to the sequence at positions 619 to 638 of the *E. coli* 16S rDNA gene.

Table 4

Source of Sequence and Number of Sequence in Sequence Listings	Sequence	Mismatches
MOS638f primer (SEQ ID NO: 15)	CCAACCCGGAAAGCGCAGAG	-
<i>Nitrococcus mobilis</i> (SEQ ID NO: 29)	<u>T</u> CAAC <u>C</u> GG <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>T</u> GC <u>A</u> T <u>C</u> C	8
<i>Magnetobacterium bavaricum</i> (SEQ ID NO: 30)	<u>T</u> CAAC <u>CC</u> GG <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>T</u> GC <u>C</u> <u>T</u> G	7
<i>Nitrobacter hamburgensis</i> (SEQ ID NO: 31)	<u>T</u> CAAC <u>T</u> CC <u>C</u> AG <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>T</u> GC <u>C</u> TTT	11
<i>Nitrospina gracilis</i> (SEQ ID NO: 32)	<u>T</u> CAAC <u>CC</u> GT <u>GG</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>T</u> GC <u>G</u> TTT	10
<i>Nitrospira marina</i> (SEQ ID NO: 33)	<u>T</u> TAAC <u>CC</u> GG <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>AG</u> <u>G</u> TC <u>G</u> AGA	9
SBR1015 (SEQ ID NO: 34)	<u>C</u> TAAC <u>CC</u> GG <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>AG</u> <u>T</u> GC <u>GG</u> GAG	3
SBR1024 (SEQ ID NO: 34)	<u>C</u> TAAC <u>CC</u> GG <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>AG</u> <u>T</u> GC <u>GG</u> GAG	3
SBR2016 (SEQ ID NO: 35)	CCAAC <u>CC</u> GA <u>AA</u> <u>AG</u> CG <u>C</u> AGAG	1
SBR2046 (SEQ ID NO: 34)	<u>C</u> TAAC <u>CC</u> GG <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>AG</u> <u>T</u> GC <u>GG</u> GAG	3
RC7 (SEQ ID NO: 36)	CCAAC <u>CC</u> GG <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>AG</u> CG <u>C</u> AGAG	0
RC11 (SEQ ID NO: 36)	CCAAC <u>CC</u> GG <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>AG</u> CG <u>C</u> AGAG	0
RC14 (SEQ ID NO: 36)	CCAAC <u>CC</u> GG <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>AG</u> CG <u>C</u> AGAG	0
RC19 (SEQ ID NO: 36)	CCAAC <u>CC</u> GG <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>AG</u> CG <u>C</u> AGAG	0
RC25 (SEQ ID NO: 36)	CCAAC <u>CC</u> GG <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>AG</u> CG <u>C</u> AGAG	0
RC73 (SEQ ID NO: 36)	CCAAC <u>CC</u> GG <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>AG</u> CG <u>C</u> AGAG	0
RC90 (SEQ ID NO: 36)	CCAAC <u>CC</u> GG <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>AG</u> CG <u>C</u> AGAG	0
RC99 (SEQ ID NO: 36)	CCAAC <u>CC</u> GG <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>AG</u> CG <u>C</u> AGAG	0
RC44 (<i>Nitrobacter</i> clone) (SEQ ID NO: 37)	<u>T</u> CAAC <u>T</u> CC <u>C</u> AG <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>T</u> GC <u>C</u> TTT	11
GC86 (SEQ ID NO: 34)	<u>C</u> TAAC <u>CC</u> GG <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>AG</u> <u>T</u> GC <u>GG</u> GAG	3
<i>Nitrospira moscoviensis</i> (SEQ ID NO: 38)	CCAAC <u>CC</u> GG <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>AG</u> CG <u>C</u> AGAG	0

10 Table 5, is again an alignment of 16S rDNA sequences of *Nitrospira* phylum members and nitrite oxidisers from other bacterial phyla which was used to design the primer MOS635r (SEQ ID

NO: 16) for the *Nitrospira moscoviensis* clade. The melting temperature calculated for this primer was 58°C and a fragment size of approximately 625 nucleotides was calculated in a PCR with primer 27f. The MOS635r sequence corresponds to the sequence at positions 635 to 652 of the *E. coli* 16S rDNA sequence.

5

Table 5

Source of Sequence and Number of Sequence in Sequence Listings	Sequence	Mismatches
MOS635r primer (SEQ ID NO: 16)	AGCCTGGCAGTACCCCTCT	-
<i>Nitrococcus mobilis</i> (SEQ ID NO: 39)	AGCC <u>AAACAGTATCGGAT</u>	7
<i>Magnetobacterium bavaricum</i> (SEQ ID NO: 40)	AG <u>TTAAACAGTTTCAAG</u>	11
<i>Nitrobacter hamburgensis</i> (SEQ ID NO: 41)	AGAC <u>CTTCAGTATCAAAG</u>	9
<i>Nitrospina gracilis</i> (SEQ ID NO: 42)	AGCC <u>GAATAGTTCAAAC</u>	10
<i>Nitrospira marina</i> (SEQ ID NO: 43)	AG <u>CTGAATAGTTCCCTCTC</u>	10
SBR1015 (SEQ ID NO: 44)	AGCC <u>GAGCAGTCCCCTCC</u>	4
SBR1024 (SEQ ID NO: 44)	AGCC <u>GAGCAGTCCCCTCC</u>	4
SBR2016 (SEQ ID NO: 45)	AGCCTGGCAGTACCCCTCT	0
SBR2046 (SEQ ID NO: 44)	AGCC <u>GAGCAGTCCCCTCC</u>	4
RC7 (SEQ ID NO: 46)	AGCCTGGCAGTACCCCT	1
RC11 (SEQ ID NO: 45)	AGCCTGGCAGTACCCCTCT	0
RC14 (SEQ ID NO: 45)	AGCCTGGCAGTACCCCTCT	0
RC19 (SEQ ID NO: 45)	AGCCTGGCAGTACCCCTCT	0
RC25 (SEQ ID NO: 47)	AGCCTGGCAGTACC <u>GTCT</u>	1
RC73 (SEQ ID NO: 45)	AGCCTGGCAGTACCCCTCT	0
RC90 (SEQ ID NO: 45)	AGCCTGGCAGTACCCCTCT	0
RC99 (SEQ ID NO: 45)	AGCCTGGCAGTACCCCTCT	0
RC44 (<i>Nitrobacter</i> clone) (SEQ ID NO: 48)	AG <u>ATCCTCAGTATCAAAG</u>	10
GC86 (SEQ ID NO: 44)	AGCC <u>GAGCAGTCCCCTCC</u>	4
<i>Nitrospira moscoviensis</i> (SEQ ID NO: 49)	AGCCTGGCAGTACCCCTCT	0

10

The three primers defined above in Tables 3 to 5 were included in separate primer pairs which pairs were then tested in PCR amplifications using genomic DNA from various *Nitrospira* clones as template. The PCRs were carried out according to methods detailed in Sambrook *et al.* (1989) at an annealing temperature of 62°C.

The results of electrophoretic analysis of PCRs on an agarose gel are presented in Figure 9. Details of the material analysed in each lane of the gel are given in Table 6. The marker DNA was

*Hae*III-digested ϕ X174 DNA. The sizes of the ϕ X174 fragments are given on the left-hand side of the figure.

Table 6

Lane	Primer pair used	Mismatches between primer and template
1	(<i>Hae</i> III-digested ϕ X174 DNA)	
2	MOS457f, 1492r	0 mismatches with MOS457f
3	MOS457f, 1492r	1 mismatch with MOS457f
4	MOS457f, 1492r	2 mismatches with MOS457f
5	(<i>Hae</i> III-digested ϕ X174 DNA)	
6	MOS638f, 1492r	0 mismatches with MOS638f
7	MOS638f, 1492r	1 mismatch with MOS638f
8	MOS638f, 1492r	3 mismatches with MOS638f
9	(<i>Hae</i> III-digested ϕ X174 DNA)	
10	MOS635r, 27f	0 mismatches with MOS635r
11	MOS635r, 27f	1 mismatch with MOS635r
12	MOS635r, 27f	4 mismatches with MOS635r

5 The results presented in Figure 9 show that an amplicon of the appropriate size was obtained in reactions where there was up to one mismatch between a primer and the template but that no amplicon was produced where there was a greater degree of mismatch.

When the three primer pairs used for the results presented in Figure 9 were used with clone RC44 (closest match to *Nitrobacter*), no amplicons were produced.

10 The primer NIT3 (Wagner *et al.* 1996; SEQ ID NO: 50) was used in a diagnostic PCR for *Nitrobacter*. NIT3 was designed originally for fluorescent *in situ* hybridisation experiments. The specificity of this primer can be appreciated from the sequence alignment presented in Table 7 which is an alignment of 16S rDNA sequences of *Nitrospira* phylum members and nitrite oxidisers from other bacterial phyla against NIT3. A melting temperature of 60°C was calculated for NIT3 and a 15 fragment size of approximately 1020 nucleotides in a PCR with primer 27f as experimentally determined. The NIT3 sequence corresponds to the sequence at positions 1031 to 1048 of the *E.coli* 16S rDNA gene.

Table 7

Source of Sequence and Number of Sequence in Sequence Listings	Sequence	Mismatches
NIT3 primer (SEQ ID NO: 50)	CCTGTGCTCCATGCTCCG	-
<i>Nitrobacter hamburgensis</i> (SEQ ID NO: 51)	CCTGTGCTCCATGCTCCG	0
<i>Nitrospina gracilis</i> (SEQ ID NO: 52)	CCTGTGCA <u>AAGGGCCCCGA</u>	9
<i>Nitrococcus mobilis</i> (SEQ ID NO: 53)	CCTGT <u>CATCCGGTCCCCG</u>	7
<i>Nitrospira moscoviensis</i> (SEQ ID NO: 54)	CCTG <u>A</u> GC <u>ACG</u> CTGGTATT	8
<i>Nitrospira marina</i> (SEQ ID NO: 55)	CCTG <u>A</u> GC <u>TCG</u> CT <u>CCCCTT</u>	7
<i>Magnetobacterium bavaricum</i> (SEQ ID NO: 56)	CCTGTGCA <u>AAGCTCTCCCT</u>	8
SBR1015 (SEQ ID NO: 57)	CCTG <u>A</u> GC <u>AGG</u> ATGGTATT	8
SBR1024 (SEQ ID NO: 57)	CCTG <u>A</u> GC <u>AGG</u> ATGGTATT	8
SBR2016 (SEQ ID NO: 58)	CCTG <u>A</u> GC <u>ACG</u> CTGGTATT	8
SBR2046 (SEQ ID NO: 57)	CCTG <u>A</u> GC <u>AGG</u> ATGGTATT	8
RC7 (SEQ ID NO: 58)	CCTG <u>A</u> GC <u>ACG</u> CTGGTATT	8
RC11 (SEQ ID NO: 58)	CCTG <u>A</u> GC <u>ACG</u> CTGGTATT	8
RC14 (SEQ ID NO: 58)	CCTG <u>A</u> GC <u>ACG</u> CTGGTATT	8
RC19 (SEQ ID NO: 58)	CCTG <u>A</u> GC <u>ACG</u> CTGGTATT	8
RC25 (SEQ ID NO: 58)	CCTG <u>A</u> GC <u>ACG</u> CTGGTATT	8
RC73 (SEQ ID NO: 58)	CCTG <u>A</u> GC <u>ACG</u> CTGGTATT	8
RC90 (SEQ ID NO: 58)	CCTG <u>A</u> GC <u>ACG</u> CTGGTATT	8
GC86 (SEQ ID NO: 59)	CCTG <u>A</u> GC <u>AGG</u> ATGGTATT	8
RC99 (SEQ ID NO: 58)	CCTG <u>A</u> GC <u>ACG</u> CTGGTATT	8

Results of PCRs with the primer pair NIT3 and 27f showed that the NIT3 primer specifically amplified only RC44 clone inserts (*Nitrobacter*) and not those from *Nitrospira* clones.

5 The different primer pairs were then used with DNAs extracted from sludges and the results are tabulated below in Table 8. The scorings presented in the table were generated by quantitating by eye the intensity of the amplicate in a stained gel. A definition of the scoring follows: - = no band; +/- = very faint band; + through +++ = increasing intensity of the amplicate.

Table 8

Wastewater Treatment Plant	Performance	MOS635r-27f	NIT3-27f
		620 bp	1020 bp
Oxley	Full nitrification	++++	++
Merrimac	Full nitrification	++++	++
Loganholme	Full nitrification	+++	+/-
Gibson Island	Full nitrification	+++	-
Fairfield	No nitrification	+/-	+++
Cannon Hill	Full nitrification	+	+
NOSBR	NO ₂ oxidation	+++++	++++
Saline waste water BNR SBR	Partial nitrification	+/-	++
Nitrifying biofilm reactor	Full nitrification	+++	+++
Phenol/cyanide removing SBR	No nitrification	+/-	++
BNR SBR	Full nitrification	+	+

These results show that in plants having good nitrification, *Nitraspira* species were present as evidenced by amplification of target DNA with the selected primer pairs.

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SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

5

(i) APPLICANT:

(A) NAME: CRC for Waste Management and Pollution Control Limited
 10 (B) STREET: High Street
 (C) CITY: Kensington
 (D) STATE: New South Wales
 (E) COUNTRY: Australia
 (F) POSTAL CODE (ZIP): 2033

15 (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: Aquatic Nitrite Oxidising Microorganisms

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 59

(iv) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

20 (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
 (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
 (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
 (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30 (EPO)

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 1:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

30 (A) LENGTH: 1428 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

35

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

40

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

45

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 1:

CAAGTCGAGC GAGAAGACGT AGCAATACGT TTGTAAAGCG GCGAACGGGT GAGGAATACA	60
TGGGTAACCT ACCTTCGAGT GGGGAATAAC TAGCCGAAAG GTTAGCTAAT ACCGCATAACG	120
50 ACTCCTGGTC TGCGGATCGG GAGAGAAAGC GATACCGTGG GTATCGCGCT CTTGGATGGG	180
CTCATGTCCT ATCAGCTTGT TGGTGAGGTA ACGGCTCACCC AAGGCTTCGA CGGGTAGCTG	240
55 GTCTGAGAGG ACGATCAGCC ACACCTGGCAC TGCGACACGG GCCAGACTCC TACGGGAGGC	300
AGCAGTAAGG AATATTGCGC AATGGGCGAC AGCCTGACGC AGCNACGCCG CGTGGGGAT	360

5	GAAGGTCTTC GGATTGTAAA CCCCTTCGG CAGGGAAAGAT GGAACGGGT ACGTTCGGA	420
	CGGTACCTGC AGAACGAGCC ACGGCTAACT TCGTGCAGC AGCCGCGGT ATACGAAGGT	480
	GGCAAGCGTT GTTCGGATTT ACTGGCGTA CAGGGAGCGT AGGCGGTTGG GTAAGCCCTC	540
	CGTGAAATCT CCGGGCCTAA CCCGGAAAGT GCGGAGGGGA CTGCTCGGCT AGAGGATGGG	600
10	AGAGGAGCGC GGAATTCCCG GTGTAGCGGT GAAATGCGTA GAGATCGGGA GGAAGGCCGG	660
	TGGCGAAGGC GGCAGCTCTGG AACATTTCTG ACGCTGAGGC TCGAAAGCGT GGGGAGCAAA	720
15	CAGGATTAGA TACCCTGGTA GTCCACGCCT TAAACGATGG ATACTAAGTG TCGGGGGTT	780
	ACCGCCGGTG CCGCAGCTAA CGCATTAAGT ATCCCGCCTG GGAAGTACGG CCGCAAGGTT	840
	GAAACTCAAA GGAATTGACG GGGGCCCGCA CAAGCGGTGG AGCATGTGGT TTAATTCGAC	900
20	GCAACGCGAA GAACTTACC CAGGCTGGAC ATGCAGGTAG TAGAAGGGTG AAAGCCTAAC	960
	GAGGTAGCAA TACCATCCTG CTCAGGTGCT GCATGGCTGT CGTCAGCTCG TGCCGTGAGG	1020
25	TGTTGGGTTA AGTCCCGCAA CGAGCGCAAC CCCTGTCTTC AGTTACCAAC GGGTCATGCC	1080
	GGGAACCTCTG GAGAGACTGC CCAGGAGAAC GGGGAGGAAG GTGGGGATGA CGTCAAGTCA	1140
	GCATGGCCTT TATGCCTGGG GCCACACACG TGCTACAATG GCCGGTACAA AGCGCTGCAA	1200
30	ACCCGTAAGG GGGAGCCAAT CCCAAAAAAC CGGCCTCAGT TCAGATTGAG GTCTGCAACT	1260
	CGACCTCATG AAGGCGGAAT CGCTAGTAAT CCCGGATCAG CACGCCGGGG TGAATACGTN	1320
35	CCCGGGCCTT GTACACACCG CCCGTCACAC CACGAAAGTT TGTTGTACCT GAAGTCGTTG	1380
	GCGCCAACCG CAAGGAGGCA GACGCCACG GTATGACCGA TGATTGGG	1428

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:

40 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 1407 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

45 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

50 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

55

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 2:

5	TAATACATGC AAGTCGAGCG AGAAGACGTA GCAATACGTT TGTAAAGCGG CGAACGGGTG	60
	AGGAATACAT GGGTAGCCTA CCCTCGAGTG GGGAAATACT AACCGAAAGG TTAGCTAATA	120
	CCGCATACGG CTCCTGGTCT GCGGATCGGG AGAGAAAGCG ATACCGTGGG TATCGCGCTC	180
	TTGGATGGGC TCATGTCCTA TCAGCTTGTGTT GGTGAGGTAA CGGCTCACCA AGGCTTCGAC	240
10	GGGTAGCTGG TCTGAGAGGA CGATCAGCCA CACTGGCACT GCGACACGGG CCAGACTCCT	300
	ACGGGAGGCA GCAGTAAGGA ATATTGCGCA ATGGGCGACA GCCTGACGCA GCNACGCCGC	360
15	GTGGGGGATG AAGGTCTTCG GATTGTAAAC CCCTTCGGC AGGGAAGATG GAACGGGTAA	420
	CCGTTCGGAC GGTACCTGCA GAAGCAGCCA CGGCTAACTT CGTGCCAGCA GCCGCGGTAA	480
	TACGAAGGTG GCAAGCGTTG TTCGGATTAA CTGGGCGTAC AGGGAGCGTA GGCGGTTGGG	540
20	TAAGCCCTCC GTGAAATCTC CGGGCCTAAC CGGGAAAGTG CGGAGGGGAC TGCTCGGCTA	600
	GAGGATGGGA GAGGAGCGCG GAATTCCCGG TGTAGCGGTG AAATGCGTAG AGATCGGGAG	660
25	GAAGGCCGGT GGCGAAGGCG GCGCTCTGGA ACATTCTGA CGCTGAGGCT CGAAAGCGTG	720
	GGGAGCAAAC AGGATTAGAT ACCCTGGTAG TCCACGCCTT AAACGATGGA TACTAAGTGT	780
	CGGCGGGTTA CCGCCGGTGC CGCAGCTAAC GCATTAAGTA TCCCGCCTGG GAAGTACGGC	840
30	CGCAAGGTTG AAACTCAAAG GAATTGACGG GGGCCCGCAC AAGCGGTGGA GCATGTGGTT	900
	TAATTGACG CAACGCGAAG AACCTTACCC AGGCTGGACA TGCAGGTAGT AGAAGGGTGA	960
35	AAGCCTAACG AGGTAGCAAT ACCATCCTGC TCAGGTGCTG CATGGCTGTC GTCAGCTCGT	1020
	GCCGTGAGGT GTTGGGTTAA GTCCCGCAAC GAGCGCAACC CCTGTCTTCA GTTACCAACG	1080
	GGTCATGCCG GGAACCTCTGG AGAGACTGCC CAGGAGAACG GGGGAGGAAG GTGGGGATGA	1140
40	CGTCAAGTCA GCATGGCCTT TATGCCTGGG GCCACACACG TGCTACAATG GCCGGTACAA	1200
	AGCGCTGCAA ACCCGTAAGG GGGAGCCAAT CGCAAAAAAC CGGCCTCAGT TCAGATTGAG	1260
45	GTCTGCAACT CGACCTCATG AAGGCAGGAAT CGCTAGTAAT CCCGGATCAG CACGCCGGGG	1320
	TGAATACGTN CCCGGACCTT GTACACACCG CCCGTCACAC CACGAAAGTT TGTTGTACCT	1380
	GAAGTCGTTG GCGCCAACCG CAAGGAG	1407

50 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 3:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1500 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

5 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 3:

15	TTGATCCTGG CTCAGAACGA ACGCTGGCGG CGCGCCTAAT ACATGCAAGT CGAGCGAGAA	60
	GACGTAGCAA TACGTTTGTAA AAGCGGCGAA CGGGTGAGGA ATACATGGGT AACCTACCCCT	120
	CGAGTGGGGA ATAACTAGCC GAAAGGTTAG CTAATACCGC ATACGACTCC TGGTCTGCAG	180
20	ATCGGGAGAG AAAGCGATAAC CGTGGGTATC GCGCTCTTGG ATGGGCTCAT GTCCTATCAG	240
	CTTGTGGTG AGGTAACGGC TCACCAAGGC TTGACGGGT AGCTGGTCTG AGAGGACGAT	300
	CAGCCACACT GGCACGTGCGA CACGGGCCAG ACTCCTACGG GAGGCAGCAG TAAGGAATAT	360
25	TGCGCAATGG GCGACAGCCT GACGCAGCNA CGCCGCGTGG GGGATGAAGG TCTTCGGATT	420
	GTAAACCCCT TTCGGCAGGG AAGATGGAAC GGGTAACCGT TCGGACGGTA CCTGCAGAAG	480
30	CAGCCACGGC TAACTTCGTG CCAGCAGCCG CGGTAATACG AAGGTGGCAA GCGTTGTTCG	540
	GATTTACTGG GCGTACAGGG AGCGTAGGCG GTTGGGTAAG CCCTCCGTGA AATCTCCGGG	600
	CCTAACCCGG AAAGTGCAGGA GGGGACTGCT CGGCTAGAGG ATGGGAGAGG AGCGCGGAAT	660
35	TCCCGGTGTA GCGGTGAAAT GCGTAGAGAT CGGGAGGAAG GCCGGTGGCG AAGGCGGCGC	720
	TCTGGAACAT TTCTGACGCT GAGGCTCGAA AGCGTGGGAA GCAAACAGGA TTAGATAACCC	780
40	TGGTAGTCCA CGCCTTAAAC GATGGATACT AAGTGTCCGC GGGTTACCGC CGGTGCCGCA	840
	GCTAACGCAT TAAGTATCCC GCCTGGGAAG TACGGCCGCA AGGTTGAAAC TCAAAGGAAT	900
	TGACGGGGGC CCGCACAAAGC GGTGGAGCAT GTGGTTTAAT TCGACGCAAC GCGAAGAAC	960
45	TTACCCAGGC TGGACATGCA GGTAGTAGAA GGGTGAAAGC CTAACGAGGT AGCAACACCA	1020
	TCCTGCTCAG GTGCTGCATG GCTGTCGTCA GCTCGTCCG TGAGGTGTTG GGTAAAGTCC	1080
50	CGCAACGAGC GCAACCCCTG TCTTCAGTTA CCAACGGTC ATGCCGGAA CTCTGGAGAG	1140
	ACTGCCAGG AGAACGGGGA GGAAGGTGGG GATGACGTCA AGTCAGCATG GCCTTATGC	1200
	CTGGGGCCAC ACACGTGCTA CAATGGCCGG TACAAAGCGC TGCAAACCCG TAAGGGGGAG	1260
55	CCAATCGCAA AAAACCGGCC TCAGTTCAGA TTGAGGTCTG CAACTCGACC TCATGAAGGC	1320

5	GGAATCGCTA GTAATCCCGG ATCAGCACGC CGGGGTGAAT ACGTNCCGG GCCTTGTACA	1380
	CACCGCCCGT CACACCACGA AAGTTTGTG TACCTGAAGT CGTTGGCGCC AACCGCAAGG	1440
	GGGCAGACGC CCACGGTATG ACCGATGATT GGGGTGAAGT CGTAACAAGG TAACCGTAAC	1500

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 1420 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

20 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

25	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 4:	
30	CGAGAAAGACG TAGCAATACG TTTGTAAAGC GGCGAACGGG TGAGGAATAC ATGGGTAACC	60
	TACCCCTCGAG TGGGAAATAA CTAACCGAAA GGTTAGCTAA TACCGCATAAC GGCTCCTGGT	120
	CTGCGGATCG GGAGAGAAAG CGATACCGTG GGTATCGCGC TCTTGGATGG GCTCATGTCC	180
35	TATCAGCTTG TTGGTGAGGT AACGGCTCAC CAAGGCTTCG ACGGGTAGCT GGTCTGAGAG	240
	GACGATCAGC CACACTGGCA CTGCGACACG GGCCAGACTC CTACGGGAGG CAGCAGTAAG	300
40	GAATATTGCG CAATGGCGA CAGCCTGACG CAGCGACGCC GCGTTGGGGA TGAAAGTCTT	360
	CCGATTGTAA ACCCCTTCC GCAGGGAAAGA TGGAACGGGT AACCGTTCGG ACGGTACCTG	420
	CAGAAGCAGC CACGGCTAAC TTCGTGCCAG CAGCCGCGGT AATACGAAGG TGGCAAGCGT	480
45	TGTTCGGATT TACTGGCGT ACAGGGAGCG TAGGCGGTTG GGTAAGCCCT CCGTGAAATC	540
	TCCGGGCCTA ACCCGGAAAG TGCAGGAGGG ACTGCTCGGC TAGAGGATGG GAGAGGAGCG	600
	CGGAATTCCC GGTGTAGCGG TGAAATGCGT AGAGATCGGG AGGAAGGCCG GTGGCGAAGG	660
50	CGGCGCTCTG GAACATTCT GACGCTGAGG CTCGAAAGCG TGGGGAGCAA ACAGGATTAG	720
	ATACCCCTGGT AGTCCACGCC TTAAACGATG GATACTAAGT GTCGGCGGGT TACCGCCGGT	780
55	GCCGCAGCTA ACGCATTAAG TATCCCGCCT GGGAAAGTACG GCCGCAAGGT TGAAACTCAA	840
	AGGAATTGAC GGGGCCCCGC ACAAGCGGTG GAGCATGTGG TTTAATTCGA CGCAACGCGA	900

AGAACCTTAC	CCAGGCAGGA	CATGCAGGTA	GTAGAAGGGT	GAAAGCCTAA	CGAGGTAGCA	960	
ATACCATCCT	GCTCAGGTGC	TGCATGGCTG	TCGTCAGCTC	GTGCCGTGAG	GTGTTGGTT	1020	
5	AAGTCCCGCA	ACGAGCGCAA	CCCCTGTCTT	CAGTTACCAA	CGGGTCATGC	CGGGAACTCT	1080
	GGAGAGACTG	CCCAGGAGAA	CGGGGAGGAA	GGTGGGGATG	ACGTCAAGTC	AGCATGGCCT	1140
10	TTATGCCTGG	GGCCACACAC	GTGCTACAAT	GGCCGGTACA	AAGCGCTGCA	AACCCGTAAG	1200
	GGGGAGCCAA	TCGCAAAAAA	CCGGCCTCAG	TTCAGATTGA	GGTCTGCAAC	TCGACCTCAT	1260
15	GAAGGCGGAA	TCGCTAGTAA	TCCCGGATCA	GCACGCCGGG	GTGAATACGT	NCCCGGGCCT	1320
	TGTACACACC	GCCCCTCACA	CCACGAAAGT	TTGTTGTACC	TGAAGTCGTT	GGCGCCAACC	1380
	GCAAGGAGGC	AGACGCCAC	GGTATGACCG	ATGATTGGGG			1420

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1505 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

30 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

35 (A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 5:

40	AGAGTTTGAT	CCTGGCTCAG	AACGAACGCT	GGCGGCGCGC	CTAATACATG	CAAGTCGAGC	60
	GAGAAGACGT	AGCAATACGT	TTGTAAAGCG	GCGAACGGGT	GAGGAATACA	TGGGTAATCT	120
45	ACCATCGAGT	GGGGAATAAC	CAACCGAAAG	GTTGGCTAAT	ACCGCGTACG	CTTCTGAGTC	180
	TTCGGGTTCG	GAAGGAAAGC	CGTACTGTGA	GTGCGGCGCT	CTTTGATGAG	CTCATGTCCT	240
50	ATCAGCTTGT	TGGTAGGGTA	ACGGCCTACC	AAGGCTTGA	CGGGTAGCTG	GTCTGAGAGG	300
	ACGATCAGCC	ACACTGGCAC	TGCGACACGG	GCCAGACTCC	TACGGGAGGC	AGCAGTAAGG	360
	AATATTGCGC	AATGGGCGAA	AGCCTGACGC	AGCNACGCCG	CGTGGGGGAT	GAAGGTCTTC	420
55	GGATTGTAAA	CCCCTTCGG	GAGGGAAGAT	GGAGCGAGCA	ATCGTTCGGA	CGGTACCTCC	480
	AGAACGCC	ACGGCCAAC	TCGTGCCAGC	AGCCGCGGTA	ATACGAAGGT	GGCAAGCGTT	540

5	GTTCGGATTCACTGGGCGTA CAGGGTGTGT AGGCGGTTG GTAAGCCTTC TGTTAAAGCT	600
	TCGGGGCCCAA CCCGGAAAGC GCAGACGGTA CTGCCAGGCT AGAGGGTGGG AGAGGAGCGC	660
10	GGAATTCCCCG GTGTAGCGGT GAAATGCGTA GAGATCGGGA GGAAGGCCGG TGGCGAAGGC	720
	GGCGCTCTGG AACATACCTG ACGCTGAGAC ACGAAAGCGT GGGGAGCAAA CAGGATTAGA	780
15	TACCCCTGGTA GTCCACGCCCTAAACTATGG ATACTAAGTG TCGGCGGGTT ACCGCCGGTG	840
	CCGCAGCTAA CGCATTAAAGT ATCCCGCCTG GGAAGTACGG CCGCAAGGTT GAAACTCAAA	900
20	GGAATTGACG GGGGCCCGCA CAAGCGGTGG AGCATGTGGT TTAATTGAC GCAACGCGAA	960
	GAACCTTACC CAGGTTGGAC ATGCACGTAG TAGAAAGGTG AAAGCCTGAC GAGGTAGCAA	1020
25	TACCAGCGTG CTCAGGTGCT GCATGGCTGT CGTCAGCTCG TGCCGTGAGG TGTTGGTTA	1080
	AGTCCCGCAA CGAGCGCAAC CCCTGCTTTC AGTTGCTACC GGGTCATGCC GAGCACTCTG	1140
	AAAGGACTGC CCAGGATAAC GGGGAGGAAG GTGGGGATGA CGTCAAGTCA GCATGGCCTT	1200
30	TATGCCTGGG GCCACACACG TGCTACAATG GCCGGTACAA AGCGCTGCAA ACCCGTGAGG	1260
	GGGAGCCAAT CGCAAAAAAC CGGCCTCAGT TCAGATTGAG GTCTGCAACT CGACCTCATG	1320
	AAGGCAGGAAT CGCTAGTAAT CGCGGATCAG CACGCCCGG TGAATACGTN CCCGGGCCTT	1380
35	GTACACACCG CCCGTCACAC CACGAAAGCC TGTTGTACCT GAAAGTCGCC AAGCCAACCG	1440
	CAAGGAGGCA GGCGCCCACG GTATGGCCCG TGATTGGGGT GAAAGTCGTAA CAAGGTAACC	1500
	GTAAA	1505

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1441 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 - (A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

55 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 6:

AAGTCGAGCG AGAAGGTGTA GCAATACACT TGTAAAGCGG CGAACGGGTG AGGAATACAT	60
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GGGTAATCTA CCATCGAGTG GGGATAACC AGCCGAAAGG TTGGCTAATA CCGCGTACGC	120
5 TTCCGAGTCT TCAGGCTTGG AAGGAAAGCC GCACTGTGAG TCGGGCGCTC TTTGATGAGC	180
TCATGTCCTA TCAGCTTGTGTT GGTAGGGTAA CGGCCTACCA AGGCTTGAC GGGTAGCTGG	240
TCTGAGAGGA CGATCAGCCA CACTGGCACT GCGACACGGG CCAGACTCCT ACGGGAGGCA	300
10 GCAGTAAGGA ATATTGCGCA ATGGGCAGAA GCCTGACGCA GCGACGCCGC GTGGGGGATG	360
AAGGTCTTCG GATTGTAAAC CCCTTTCGGG AGGGAAAGATG GAGCCAGCAA TCGTTCGGAC	420
15 GGTACCTCCA GAAGCAGCCA CGGCCAACTT CGTGCCAGCA GCCGCGGTAA TACGAAGGTG	480
GCAAGCGTTG TTCGGATTCA CTGGCGTAC AGGGTGTGTA NGCGGTTGG TAAGCCTTCT	540
GTTAAAGCTT CGGGCCCAAC CGGGAAAGCG CAGAGGGTAC TGCCAGGCTA GAGGGTGGGA	600
20 GAGGAGCGCG GAATTCCCGG TGTAGCGGTG AAATGCGTAG AGATCGGGAG GAAGGCCGGT	660
GGCGAAGGCG GCGCTCTGGA ACATGCCTGA CGCTGAGACA CGAAAGCGTG GGGAGCAAAC	720
AGGATTAGAT ACCCTGGTAG TCCACGCCCT AAACATATGGA TACTAAGTGT CGGCGGGTTA	780
25 CCGCCGGTGC CGCAGCTAAC GCATTAAGTA TCCCAGCTGG GAAGTACGGC CGCAAGGTTG	840
AAACTCAAAG GAATTGACGG GGGCCCGCAC AAGCGGTGGA GCATGTGGTT TAATTGACG	900
30 CAACGCGAAG AACCTTACCC AGGTTGGACA TGCACGTAGT AGAAAGGTGA AAGNCTAACG	960
AGGTAGCAAT ACCAGCGTGC TCAGGTGCTG CATGGCTGTC GTCAGCTCGT GCCGTGAGGT	1020
35 GTTGGGTTAA GTCCCGCAAC GAGCGCAACC CCTGCTTCA GTTGCTACCG GGTCAAGGCCG	1080
AGCACTCTGA AAGGACTGCC CAGGATAACG GGGAGGAAGG TGGGGATGAC GTCAAGTCAG	1140
CATGGCCTTT ATGCCTGGGG CCACACACGT GCTACAATGG CCGGTACAAA GCGCTGCAAA	1200
40 CCCGTGAGGG GGAGCCAATC GCAAAAAAACC GGCTCAGTT CAGATTGAGG TCTGCAACTC	1260
GACCTCATGA AGGCGGAATC GCTAGTAATC GCGGATCAGC ACGCCGCGGT GAATACGTNC	1320
45 CCGGGCCTTG TACACACCGC CCGTCACACC ACGAAAGCCT GTTGTACCTG AAGTCGCCA	1380
AGCCAACCGC AAGGAGGCAG GCGCCCACGG TATGGCCGGT GATTGGGGTG AAGTCCTAAC	1440
A	1441

50 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1426 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

30

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

5 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 7:

15	TAATACATGC AAGTCGAGCG AGAAGGTGTA GCAATACACT TGTAAGCGG CGAACGGGTG	60
	AGGAATACAT GGGTAATCTA CCATCGAGTG GGGATAAACC AACCGAAAGG TTGGCTAATA	120
	CCCGTACGC TTCTGAGCCT TCGTGTTCGG AAGGAAAGCC GTACTGTGAG TGCGCGCTC	180
20	TTTGATGAGC TCATGTCTA TCAGCTTGTGTT GGTAGGGTAA CGGCCTACCA AGGCTTGAC	240
	GGGTAGCTGG TCTGAGAGGA CGATCAGCCA CACTGGCACT GCGACACGGG CCAGACTCCT	300
25	ACGGGAGGCA GCAGTAAGGA ATATTGCGCA ATGGGCGAAA GCCTGACGCA GCNACGCCGC	360
	GTGGGGGATG AAGGTCTTCG GATTGTAAAC CCCTTTCGGG AGGAAAGATG GAGCGAGCAA	420
	TCGTTCGGAC GGTACCTCCA GAAGCAGCCA CGGCCAACTT CGTGCCAGCA GCCGCGGTAA	480
30	TACGAAGGTG GCAAGCGTTG CTTGGATTCA CTGGCGTAC AGGGTGTGTA GGCGGTTTGG	540
	TAAGCCTTCT GTTAAAGCTT CGGGCCCAAC CCGAAAAGCG CAGAGGGTAC TGCCAGGCTA	600
	GAGGGTGGGA GAGGAGCGCG GAATTCCCGG TGTAGCGGTG AAATGCGTAG AGATCGGGAG	660
35	GAAGGCCGGT GGCGAAGGCG GCGCTCTGGA ACATACCTGA CGCTGAGACA CGAAAACGTG	720
	GGGAGCAAAC AGGATTAGAT ACCCTGGTAG TCCACGCCCT AACTATGGA TACTAAGTGT	780
40	CGGCGGGTTA CCGCCGGTGC CGCAGCTAAC GCATTAAGTA TCCCGCCTGG GAGGTACGGC	840
	CGCAAGGTG AACTCAAAG GAATTGACGG GGGCCCGCAC AAGCGGTGGA GCTTGTGGTT	900
	TAATTGACG CAACGCGAAG AACCTTACCC AGGTTGGACA TGACGTAGT AGAAAGGTGA	960
45	AAGCCTGACG AGGTAGCAAT ACCAGCGTGC TCAGGTGCTG CATGGCTGTC GTCAGCTCGT	1020
	GCCGTGAGGT GTTGGGTTAA GTCCCGCAAC GAGCGCAACC CCTGCTTCA GTTGCTACCG	1080
50	GGTCATGCCG AGCACTCTGA AAGGACTGCC CAGGATAACG GGGAGGAAGG TGGGGATGAC	1140
	GTCAAGTCAG CATGGCCTTT ATGCCTGGGG CCACACACGT GCTACAATGG CCGGTACAAA	1200
	GCGCTGCAAAC CCCGTGAGGG GGAGCCAATC GCAAAAAACC GGCCTCAGTT CAGATTGAGG	1260
55	TCTGCAACTC GACCTCATGA AGGCGGAATC GCTAGTAATC GCGGATCAGC ACGCCGCGGT	1320

GAATAACGTNC	CCGGGCCTTG	TACACACCGC	CCGTCACACC	ACGAAAGCCT	GTTGTACCTG	1380
AAGTCGCCA	AGCCAACCGC	AAGGAGGCAG	GCGCCCACGG	TATGGC	1426	

5 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 1429 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 10 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

15 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

20 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 8:

25 TAATACATGC	AAGTCGAGCG	AGAAGGTGTA	GCAATACACT	TGTAAAGCGG	CGAACGGGTG	60
AGGAATACAT	GGGTAATCTA	CCATCGAGTG	GGGAATAACC	AACCGAAAGG	TTGGCTAATA	120
30 CCGCGTACGC	CTCCGAGTCT	TCGGGTTCGG	AGGGAAAGCT	GCACTGTGAG	TGTAGCGCTC	180
TTTGATGAGC	TCATGTCTTA	TCAGCTTGT	GGTAGGGTAA	CGGCCTACCA	AGGCTTTGAC	240
GGGTAGCTGG	TCTGAGAGGA	CGATCAGCCA	CACTGGCACT	GCGACACGGG	CCAGACTCCT	300
35 ACGGGAGGCA	GCAGTAAGGA	ATATTGCGCA	ATGGGCGAAA	GCCTGACGCA	GCNACGCCGC	360
GTGGGGGATG	AAGGTCTTCG	GATTGTAAAC	CCCTTTCGGG	AGGGAAGATG	GAGCGAGCAA	420
40 TCGTTCGGAC	GGTACCTCCA	GAAGCAGCCA	CGGCCAACCT	CGTGCCAGCA	GCCGCGGTAA	480
TACGAAGGTG	GCAAGCGTTG	TTCGGATTCA	CTGGCGTAC	AGGGTGTGTA	GGCGGTTTGG	540
45 TAAGCCTTCT	GTTAAAGCTT	CGGGCCAAC	CCGGAAAGCG	CAGGGGGTAC	TGCCAGGCTA	600
GAGGGTGGGA	GAGGAGCGCG	GAATTCCCAG	TGTAGCGGTG	AAATGCGTAG	AGATCGGGAG	660
GAAGGCCGGT	GGCGAAGGCG	GCGCTCTGGA	ACATACCTGA	CGCTGAGACA	CGAAAGCGTG	720
50 GGGAGCAAAC	AGGATTAGAT	ACCCCTGGTAG	TCCACGCCCT	AAGCTATGGA	TACTAAGTGT	780
CGGCGGGTTA	CCGCCGGTGC	CGCAGCCAAC	GCGTTAAGTA	TCCCGCCTGG	GAAGTACGGC	840
55 CGCAAGGTTG	AAACTCAAAG	GAATTGACGG	GGGCCCGCAC	AAGCGGTGGA	GCATGTGGTT	900
TAATTCGACG	CAACGCGAAG	AACCTTACCC	AGGTTGGACA	TGCACGTAGT	AGAAAGGTGA	960

	AAGCCTGACG AGGTAGCAAT ACCAGCGTGC TCAGGTGCTG CATGGCTGTC GTCAGCTCGT	1020
	GCCGTGAGGT GTTGGGTTAA GTCCCGCAAC GAGCGCAACC CCTGCTTCGA GTTGCTACCG	1080
5	GGTCATGCCG AGCACTCTGA AAGGACTGCC CAGGATAACG GGGGAGGAAG GTGGGGATGA	1140
	CGTCAAGTCA GCATGGCCTT TATGCCCTGGG GCCACACACG TGCTACAATG GCCGGTACAA	1200
10	AACGCTGCAA ACCCGTGAGG GGGAGCCAAT CGCAAAAAAC CGGCCTCAGT TCAGATTGAG	1260
	GTCTGCAACT CGACCTCATG AAGGCGGAAT CGCTAGTAAT CGCGGATCAG CACGCCCGGG	1320
	TGAATACGTN CCCGGGCCTT GTGCACACCG CCCGTCACAC CACGAAAGCC TGTTGTACCT	1380
15	GAAGTCGCCA AAGCCAACCG CAAGGGAGGCA GGCGCCACG GTATGGCCG	1429

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 9:

	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
20	(A) LENGTH: 1415 base pairs
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS: double
	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear
25	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
	(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
30	(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
	(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
	(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

35	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9:	
	CGAGAAAGGTG TAGCAATACA CTTGTAAAGC GGCGAACGGG TGAGGAATAC ATGGGTAAATC	60
40	TACCATCGAG TGAAAATAA CCAACCGAAA GGTTGGCTAA TACCGCGTAC GCCTCCGAGT	120
	CTTCGGGTTTC GGAGGGAAAG CTGCACTGTG AGTGTAGCGC TCTTGATGA GCTCATGTCC	180
45	TATCAGCTTG TTGGTAGGGT AACGGCCTAC CAAGGCTTG ACGGGTAGCT GGTCTGAGAG	240
	GACGATCAGC CACACTGGCA CTGCGACACG GGCCAGACTC CTACGGGAGG CAGCAGTAAG	300
	GAATATTGCG CAATGGCGA AAGCCTGACG CAGCNACGCC GCGTGGGGGA TGAAGGTCTT	360
50	CGGATTGTAA ACCCCTTTCG GGAGGGAAAGA TGGAGCGAGC AATCGTTCGG ACGGTACCTC	420
	CAGAACGAGC CACGGCCAAC TTCGTGCCAG CAGCCGCGGT AATACGAAGG TGGCAAGCGT	480
55	TGTTCGGATT CACTGGCGT ACAGGGTGTG TAGGCGGTTT GGTAAGCCTT CTGTTAAAGC	540
	TTCGGGCCA ACCCGGAAAG CGCAGAGGGT ACTGCCAGGC TAGAGGGTGG GAGAGGAGCG	600

CGGAATTCCC	GGTGTAGCGG	TGAAATGCGT	AGAGATCGGG	AGGAAGGCCG	GTGGCGAAGG	660	
CGGCGCTCTG	GAACATACCT	GACGCTGAGA	CACGAAAGCG	TGGGGAGCAA	ACAGGATTAG	720	
5	ATACCCTGGT	AGTCCACGCC	CTAAACTATG	GATACTAAGT	GTCGGCGGGT	TACCGCCGGT	780
	GCCGCAGCTA	ACGCATTAAG	TATCCCGCCT	GGGAAGTACG	GCCGCAAGGT	TGAAACTCAA	840
10	AGGAATTGAC	GGGGGCCCGC	ACAAGCGGTG	GAGCATGTGG	TTTAATTCGA	CGCAACGCGA	900
	AGAACCTTAC	CCAGGTTGGA	CATGCACGTA	GTAGAAAGGT	GAAAGCCTGA	CGAGGTAGCA	960
	ATACCAGCGT	GCTCAGGTGC	TGCATGGCTG	TCGTCAGCTC	GTGCCGTGAG	GTGTTGGTT	1020
15	AAGTCCCGCA	ACGAGCGCAA	CCCCTGCTTT	CAGTTGCTAC	CGGGTCATGC	CGAGCACTCT	1080
	GAAAGGACTG	CCCAGGATAA	CGGGGAGGAA	GGTGGGGATG	ACGTCAAGTC	AGCATGGCCT	1140
20	TTATGCCTGG	GGCCACACAC	GTGCTACAAT	GGCCGGTATA	AAACGCTGCA	AACCCGTGAG	1200
	GGGGAGCCAA	TCGCAAAAAAA	CCGGCCTCAG	TTCAGATTGA	GGTCTGCAAC	TCGACCTCAT	1260
	GAAGGCGGAA	TCGCTAGTAA	TCGCGGATCA	GCACGCCGCG	GTGAATACTGT	NCCCGGGCCT	1320
25	TGTACACACC	GCCC GT CACA	CCACGAAAGC	CTGTTGTACC	TGAAGTCGCC	CAAGCCAACC	1380
	GCAAGGAGGC	AGGCGCCAC	GGTATGGCCG	GTGAT			1415

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:

30	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:						
	(A) LENGTH: 1435 base pairs						
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid						
	(C) STRANDEDNESS: double						
35	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear						
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)						
40	(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO						
	(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO						
	(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:						
45	(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira						
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 10:						
50	CCTAATACAT GCAAGTCGAT CGAGAAGGTG TAGCAATACA CTTGTAAAGC GGCGAACGGG						60
	TGAGGAATAC ATGGGTAATC TACCATCGAG TGGGAATAA CCAACCGAAA GGTTGGCTAA						120
55	TACCGCGTAC GCCTCCGAGT CTTCGGGTTC GGAGGGAAAG CTGCACTGTG AGTGTAGCGC						180
	TCTTTGATGA GCTCATGTCC TATCAGCTTG TTGGTAGGGT AACGGCCTAC CAAGGCTTTG						240

ACGGGTAGCT	GGTCTGAGAG	GACGATCAGC	CACACTGGCA	CTCGCACACG	GGCCAGACTC	300	
CTACGGGAGG	CAGCAGTAAG	GAATATTGCG	CAATGGCGA	AAGCCTGACG	CAGCCACGCC	360	
5	GCGTGGGGGA	TGAAGGTCTT	CGGATTGTAA	ACCCCTTCG	GGAGGGAAAGA	TGGAGCGAGC	420
AATCGTTCGG	ACGGTACCTC	CAGAAGCAGC	CACGGCCAAC	TTCGTGCCAG	CAGCCGCGGT	480	
10	AATACGAAGG	TGGCAAGCGT	TGTTCGGATT	CACTGGCGT	ACAGGGTGTG	TAGGCGGTTT	540
GGTAAGCCTT	CTGTTAAAGC	TTCGGGCCA	ACCCGGAAAG	CGCAGAGGGT	ACTGCCAGGC	600	
TAGAGGGTGG	GAGAGGAGCG	CGGAATTCCC	GGTGTAGCGG	TGAAATGCGT	AGAGATCGGG	660	
15	AGGAAGGCCG	GTGGCGAAGG	CGGCAGCTCTG	GAACATAACCT	GACGCTGAGA	CACGAAAGCG	720
TGGGGAGCAA	ACAGGATTAG	ATACCCCTGGT	AGTCCACGCC	CTAAACTATG	GATACTAAGT	780	
20	GTCGGCGGGT	TACCGCCGGT	GCCGCAGCTA	ACGCATTAAG	TATCCCGCCT	GGGAAGTACG	840
GCCGCAAGGT	TGAAACTCAA	AGGAATTGAC	GGGGGCCCGC	ACAAGCGGTG	GAGCATGTGG	900	
TTTAATTCGA	CGCAACCGCA	AGAACCTTAC	CCAGGTTGGA	CATGCACGTA	GTAGAAAGGT	960	
25	GAAAGCCTGA	CGAGGTAGCA	ATACCAGCGT	GCTCAGGTGC	TGCATGGCTG	TCGTCAGCTC	1020
GTGCCGTGAG	GTGTTGGTT	AAGTCCCGCA	ACGAGCGCAA	CCCCTGCTTT	CAGTTGCTAC	1080	
30	CGGGTCATGC	CGAGCACTCT	GAAAGGACTG	CCCAGGATAA	CGGGGAAGGA	AGGTGGGGAT	1140
GACGTCAAGT	CAGCATGGCC	TTTATGCCTG	GGGCCACACA	CGTGCTACAA	TGGCCGGTAC	1200	
AAAACGCTGC	AAACCCGTGA	GGGGGAGCCA	ATCGAAAAAA	ACCGGCCTCA	GTTCAGATTG	1260	
35	AGGTCTGCAA	CTCGACCTCA	TGAAGGCGGA	ATCGCTAGTA	ATCGCGGATC	AGCACGCCGC	1320
GGTGAATACG	TNCCCGGGCC	TTGTACACAC	CGCCCGTCAC	ACCACGAAAG	CCTGTTGTAC	1380	
CTGAAGTCGC	CCAAGCCAAC	CGCAAGAAGG	CAGGCGCCCA	CGGTATGGCC	GGTGA	1435	

40 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 11:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1437 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

50 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

55 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

55 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 11:

5	AATACATGCA AGTCGATCGA GAAGGTGTAG CAATACACTT GTAAAGCGGC GAACGGGTGA	60
	GGAATACATG GGTAATCTAC CATCGAGTGG GGAATAACCA ACCGAAAGGT TGGCTAATAC	120
10	CGCGTACGCC TCCGAGTCCTT CGGGTTCGGA GGGAAAGCTG CACTGTGAGT GTAGCGCTCT	180
	TTGATGAGCT CATGTCCTAT CAGCTTGTG GTAGGGTAAC GGCTTACCAA GGCTTGACG	240
	GGTAGCTGGT CTGAGAGGAC GATCAGCCAC ACTGGCACTG CGACACGGGC CAGACTCCTA	300
15	CGGGAGGCAG CAGTAAGGAA TATTGCGCAA TGGGCGAAAG CCTGACGCAG CCACGCCGCG	360
	TGGGGGATGA AGGTCTTCGG ATTGTAAACC CCTTTGGGA GGGAAAGATGG AGCGAGCAAT	420
20	CGTTCGGACG GTACCTCCAG AAGCAGCCAC GGCCAACCTTC GTGCCAGCAG CCGCGGTAAT	480
	ACGAAGGTGG CAAGCGTTGT TCGGATTAC TGGCGTACA GGGTGTGTAG GCGGTTTGGT	540
	AAGCCTCTG TTAAAGCTTC GGGCCCAACC CGGAAAGCGC AGAGGGTACT GCCAGGCTAG	600
25	AGGGTGGGAG AGGAGCGCGG AATTCCCGGT GTAGCGGTGA AATGCGTAGA GATCGGGAGG	660
	AAGGCCGGTG CGCAAGGCGG CGCTCTGGAA CATACTGAC GCTGAGACAC GAAAGCGTGG	720
30	GGAGCAAACA GGATTAGATA CCCTGGTAGT CCACGCCCTA AACTATGGAT ACTAAGTGTC	780
	GGCGGGTTAC CGCCGGTGCC GCAGCTAACG CATTAAGTAT CCCGCCTGGG AAGTACGGCC	840
	GCAAGGTTGA AACTCAAAGG AATTGACGGG GGCCCGCACA AGCGGTGGAG CATGTGGTT	900
35	AATTGACGC AACGCGAAGA ACCTTACCCA GGTTGGACAT GCACGTAGTA NAAAGGTGAA	960
	AGCCTGACGA GGTAGCAATA CCAGCGTGCT CAGGTGCTGC ATGGCTGTCT TCAGCTCGTG	1020
40	CCGTGAGGTG TTGGGTTAAG TCCCGCAACG AGCGCAACCC CTGCTTTCAG TTGCTACCGG	1080
	GTCATGCCGA ACACTCTGAA AGGACTGCC AGGATAACGG GGAAGGAAGG TGGGGATGAC	1140
	GTCAAGTCAG CATGGCCTTT ATGCCTGGGG CCACACACGT GCTACAATGG CCGGTACAAA	1200
45	GCGCTGCAAACCC CGCGTGGAGGG GGAGCCAATC GCAAAAAACC GGCTCAGTT CAGATTGAGG	1260
	TCTGCAACTC GACCTCATGA AGGCGGAATC GCTAGTAATC GCGGATCAGC ACGCCGCGGT	1320
	GAATACGTNC CCGGGCCTTG TACACACCGC CCGTCACACC ACGAAAGCCT GTTGTACCTG	1380
50	AAGTCGCCCA AGCCAACCGC AAGGAGGCAG GCGCCACGG TATGGCCGGT GATGGGG	1437

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 12:

55 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1437 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

10 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

15 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

15 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 12:

AATACATGCA	AGTCGATCGA	NAAGGTGTAG	CAATACACTT	GTAAAGCGGC	GAACGGGTGA	60
GGAATACATG	GGTAATCTAC	CATCGAGTGG	GGAATAACCA	ACCGAAAGGT	TGGCTAATAC	120
20 CGCGTACGCC	TCCGAGTCTT	CGGGTTCGGA	GGGAAAGCTG	CACTGTGAGT	GTAGCGCTCT	180
TTGATGAGCT	CATGTCTTAT	CAGCTTGTG	GTAGGGTAAC	GGCCTACCAA	GGCTTGACG	240
25 GGTATCTGGT	CTGAGAGGAC	GATCAGCCAC	ACTGGCACTG	CGACACGGGC	CAGACTCCTA	300
CGGGAGGCAG	CAGTAAGGAA	TATTGCGCAA	TGGGCGAAAC	CCNGACGCAG	CCACGCCGCG	360
30 TGGGGGATGA	AGGTCTTCGG	ATTGTAAACC	CCTTTCGGGA	GGGAAGATGG	AACGAGCAAT	420
CGTTCGGACG	GTACCTCCAG	AAGCAGCCAC	GGCCAACCTTC	GTGCCAGCAG	CCGCGGTAAT	480
ACGAAGGTGG	CAAGCGTTGT	TCGGATTACAC	TGGCGTACA	GGGTGTGAG	GCGGTTTGGT	540
35 AAGCCTCTG	TTAAAGCTTC	GGGCCCAACC	CGGAAAGCGC	AGAGGGTACT	GCCAGGCTAG	600
AGGGTGGGAG	AGGAGCGCGG	AATTCCCGGT	GTAGCGGTGA	AATGCGTAGA	GATCGGGAGG	660
40 AAGGCCGGTG	GCGAAGGCAGG	CGCTCTGGAA	CATACTGAC	GCTGAGACAC	GAAAGCGTGG	720
GGNGCAAACA	GGATTAGATA	CCCTGGTAGT	CCACGCCCTA	AACTATGGAT	ACTAAGTGTC	780
GGCAGGGTTAC	CGCCGGTGCC	GCAGCTAACG	CATTAAGTAT	CCCGCCTGGG	AAAGTACGGCC	840
45 GCAAGGTTGA	AACTCAAAGG	GATTGACGGG	GGCCCGCACA	AGCGGTGGGG	CATGTGGTTT	900
AATTCCGACGC	AACGCGAAGA	ACCTTACCCA	GGTTGGACAT	GCACGTAGTN	GAAAGGTGAA	960
50 AGCCTGACGA	GGTAGCAATA	CCAGCGTGCT	CAGGTGCTGC	ATGGCTGTG	TCAGCTCGTG	1020
CCGTGAGGTG	TTGGGTTAAG	TCCCGCAACG	AGCGCAACCC	CTGCTTTCA	TTGCTACCGG	1080
GTCATGCCGA	ACACTCTGAA	AGGACTGCC	AGGATAACGG	GGAAGGAAGG	TGGGGATGAC	1140
55 GTCAAGTCAG	CATGGCCTTT	ATACCTGGGG	CCACACACGT	GCTACAATGG	CCGGTACAAA	1200
ACGCTGAAA	CCCGTGAGGG	GGAGCCAATC	GCAAAAAACC	GGCCTCAGTT	CAGATTGAGG	1260

TCTGCAACTC GACCTCATGA ATGCGGAATC GCTAGTAATC GCGGATCAGC ACGCCGCGGT	1320
5 GAATACTGNC CCGGGCCTTG TACACACCGC CCGTCACACC ACGAAAGCCT GTTGTACCTG	1380
AAGTCGCCCA AGCCAACCGC AAGGAGGCAG GCGCCCACGG TATGGCCGGT GATGGGG	1437

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 13:

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 1435 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

20 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 13:

TAATACATGC AAGTCGATCG ANAAGGTGTA GCAATACACT TGTAAAGCGG CGAACGGGTG	60
30 AGGAATACAT GGGTAATCTA CCATCGAGTG GGGATAACC AACCGAAAGG TTGGCTAATA	120
CCCGTACGC TTCCGAGTCT TCGGGCTTGG AAGGAAAGCC GCACTGTGAG TGCAGCGCTC	180
35 TTTGATGAGC TCATATCCTA TCANCTTGTGTT GGTAGGGTAA CGGCCTACCA AGGCTTGAC	240
GGGTATCTGG TCTGAGAGGA CGATCAGCCA CACTGGCACT GCGACACGGG CCAGACTCCT	300
40 ACGGGAGGCA GCAGTAAGGA ATATTGCGCA ATGGGCAGAA CCCNGACGCA GCCACGCCGC	360
GTGGGGGATG AAGGTCTTCG GATTGTAAAC CCCTTTCGGG AGGGAAGATG GAACGAGCAA	420
TCGTTCGGAC GGTACCTCCA GAAGCAGCCA CGGCCAACTT CGTGCCAGCA GCCCGGGTAA	480
45 TACGAAGGTG GCAAGCGTTG TTGGATTCA CTGGCGTAC AGGGTGTGTA GGCGGTTTGG	540
TAAGCCTTCT GTTAAAGCTT CGGGCCCAAC CGGGAAAGCG CAGAGGGTAC TGCCAGGCTA	600
50 GAGGGTGGGA GAGGAGCGCG GAATTCCCGG TGTAGCGGTG AAATGCGTAG AGATCGGGAG	660
GAAGGCCGGT GGCGAAGGCG GCGCTCTGGA ACATACCTGA CGCTCAGACA CGAAAGCGTG	720
GGGAGCAAAC AGGATTAGAT ACCCTGGTAG TCCACGCCCT AACTATGGG TACTAAGTGT	780
55 CGGCAGGTTA CCGCCGGTGC CGCAGCTAAC GCATTAAGTA TCCCGCCTGG GAAGTACGGC	840
CGCAAGGTTG AAACTCAAAG GAATTGACGG GGGCCCGCAC AAGCGGTGGA GCATGTGGTT	900

TAATTCGACG	CAACCGAAG	AACCTTACCC	AGGTTGGACA	TGCACGTAGT	AGAAAGGTGA	960	
5	AAGCCTGACG	AGGTAGCAAT	ACCAGCGTGC	TCAGGTGCTG	CATGGCTGTC	GTCAGCTCGT	1020
	GCCGTGAGGT	GTTGGGTTAA	GTCCCGCAAC	GAGCGCAACC	CCTGCTTTCA	GTTGCTGCCG	1080
	GGTCATGCCG	AACACTCTGA	AAGGACTGCC	CAGGATAACG	GGGAAGGAAG	GTGGGGATGA	1140
10	CGTCAAGTCA	GCATGGCCTT	TATGCCTGGG	GCCACACACG	TGCTACAATG	GCCGGTACAA	1200
	AACGCTGCAA	ACCCGTGAGG	GGGAGCCAAT	CGCAAAAAAC	CGGCCTCAGT	TCANATTGAG	1260
15	GTCTGCAACT	CGACCTCATG	AATGCGGAAT	CGCTAGTAAT	CGCGGATCAG	CACGCCGCGG	1320
	TGAATACGTN	CCCGGGCCTT	GTACACGCCG	CCCGTCACAC	CACGAAAGCC	TGTTGTACCT	1380
	GAAGTCGCC	AAGCCAACCG	CAAGGAGGCA	NGGCCACG	GTATGGCCGG	TGATG	1435

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 14:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: other nucleic acid
 - (A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "oligonucleotide primer"
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

35

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 14:

40 CGGGAGGGAA GATGGAGC 18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 15:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: other nucleic acid
 - (A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "Oligonucleotide primer"
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 15:

5 CCAACCCGGA AAGCGCAGAG

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

10 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: other nucleic acid
 (A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "Oligonucleotide primer"

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

20 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 16:

AGCCTGGCAG TACCCTCT

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 17:

30 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

40 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Nitrococcus mobilis

45

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 17:

50 CAGCCGGGAG GAAAAGCA

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 18:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

55 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

40

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

5 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (A) ORGANISM: Magnetobacterium bavaricum

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 18:

15 TGTAGGGAAA GATGATGA

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 19:

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

30 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Nitrobacter hamburgensis

35

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 19:

40 TGTGCGGGAA GATAATGA

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 20:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

45 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

50 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospina gracilis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 20:

5 CGGGTGGGAA GAACAAAA

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 21:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

10 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

20 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira marina

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 21:

CATGAGGAAA GATAAAGT

18

30 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 22:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

35 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

40 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

45 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

??

50 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 22:

CGGCAGGGAA GATGGAAC

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 23:

55 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

42

- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

10 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

15 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 23:

CGGGAGGGAA GATGGAGC

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 24:

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

30 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

35

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 24:

40 CCGCAGGGAA GATGGAAC

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 25:

45 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

50 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

55 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 25:

CGGGAGGGAA GATGGAAC

18

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 26:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

25 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Nitrobacter

25

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 26:

30 CGTGCGGGAA GATAATGA

18

35 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 27:

40 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

45 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

50 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 27:

CGGCAGGGAA GATGGAAC

18

55 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 28:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs

- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

10 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira moscoviensis

15 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 28:

CGGGAGGGAA GATGGACG

18

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 29:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

30 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

35 (A) ORGANISM: Nitrococcus mobilis

40 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 29:

TCAACCTGGG AATTGCATCC

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 30:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

50 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

55 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Magnetobacterium bavaricum

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 30:

TCAACCCGGG AATTGCCTTG

20

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 31:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

20 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Nitrobacter hamburgensis

25

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 31:

30 TCAACTCCAG AACTGCCTTT

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 32:

35 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

40 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

45 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospina gracilis

50

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 32:

TCAACCGTGG AATTGCGTTT

20

55 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 33:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

10

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospina marina

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 33:

TTAACCGGGA AAGGTCGAGA

20

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 34:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

30

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

35

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

40

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 34:

CTAACCCGGA AAGTGCGGAG

20

45

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 35:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

50

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

55

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

5 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

10 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 35:

15 CCAACCCGAA AAGCGCAGAG

20

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 36:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

25 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

25 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

30 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 36:

30 CCAACCCGGA AAGCGCAGAG

20

35 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 37:

35 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

40 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

45 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

45 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(A) ORGANISM: Nitrobacter

50

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 37:

55 TCAACTCCAG AACTGCCTTT

20

55 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 38:

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

10 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

15 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

15 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

15 (A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira moscoviensis

20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 38:

20 CCAACCCGGA AAGCGCAGAG

20

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 39:

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

30 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

30 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

35 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

35 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

35 (A) ORGANISM: Nitrococcus mobilis

40

40 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 39:

45 AGCCAAACAG TATCGGAT

18

45 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 40:

50 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

55 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

55 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

55 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

5
 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Magnetobacterium bavaricum

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 40:

10 AGTTAAACAG TTTCAAG

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 41:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

25 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Nitrobacter hamburgensis

30 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 41:

AGACCTTCAG TATCAAAG

18

35 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 42:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

40 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

45 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Nitrospina gracilis

50

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 42:

55 AGCCGAATAG TTTCAAAC

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 43:

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

15 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

15 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospina marina

20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 43:

AGCTGAATAG TTCCTCTC

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 44:

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

30 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

35 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

40

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 44:

AGCCGAGCAG TCCCCTCC

18

45 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 45:

50 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

55 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 45:

10 AGCCTGGCAG TACCCTCT

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 46:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

25 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira30 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 46:
AGCCTGGCAG TACCCCT

18

35 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 47:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

45 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira55 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 47:
AGCCTGGCAG TACCGTCT

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 48:

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

15 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: *Nitrobacter*

20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 48:

AGATCCTCAG TATCAAAG

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 49:

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

30 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

35 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: *Nitrospira moscoviensis*

40 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 49:

45 AGCCTGGCAG TACCCTCT

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 50:

50 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

55 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: other nucleic acid
 (A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "Oligonucleotide primer"

53

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 50:

10 CCTGTGCTCC ATGCTCCG

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 51:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

15 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

25 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: *Nitrobacter hamburgensis*

30 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 51:

CCTGTGCTCC ATGCTCCG

18

35 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 52:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

40 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

45 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

50 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: *Nitrospina gracilis*

55 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 52:

CCTGTGCAAG GGCCCCGA

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 53:

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

15 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: *Nitrococcus mobilis*

20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 53:

CCTGTCATCC GGTTCCCG

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 54:

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

30 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: *Nitrospira moscoviensis*

40

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 54:

45 CCTGAGCACG CTGGTATT

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 55:

50 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

55 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

5 (A) ORGANISM: *Nitrospina marina*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 55:

10 CCTGAGCTCG CTCCCCTT

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 56:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

25 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: *Magnetobacterium bavaricum*

30 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 56:

CCTGTGCAAG CTCTCCCT

18

35 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 57:

40 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

45 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

50 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: *Nitrospira*

55 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 57:

CCTGAGCAGG ATGGTATT

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 58:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

15 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 58:

CCTGAGCACG CTGGTATT

18

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 59:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

35 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
40 (A) ORGANISM: Nitrospira

45 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 59:

CCTGAGCAGG ATGGTGTT

18

CLAIMS

1. A consortium of microorganisms capable of nitrite oxidation in wastewater, which consortium is enriched in members of the *Nitrospira* phylum.
2. An oligonucleotide primer for PCR amplification of *Nitrospira* DNA, said primer comprising at least 12 nucleotides having a sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) any one of SEQ ID NO: 1 to SEQ ID NO: 13; and
 - (ii) a DNA sequence having at least 92% identity with any one of SEQ ID NO: 1 to SEQ ID NO: 13.
3. The oligonucleotide primer of claim 2, wherein said primer has a length of 12 to 50 nucleotides.
4. The oligonucleotide primer of claim 2, wherein said primer has a length of 12 to 22 nucleotides.
5. The oligonucleotide primer of claim 2, wherein said primer sequence is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 15 and SEQ ID NO: 16.
6. A primer pair for PCR amplification of *Nitrospira* DNA, said primer pair comprising:
 - (a) a first oligonucleotide of at least 12 nucleotides having a sequence selected from one strand of a bacterial 16S rDNA gene; and
 - (b) a second oligonucleotide of at least 12 nucleotides having a sequence selected from the other strand of said 16S rDNA gene downstream of said first oligonucleotide sequence; wherein at least one of said first and second oligonucleotides is selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) any one of SEQ ID NO: 1 to SEQ ID NO: 13; and
 - (ii) a DNA sequence having at least 92% identity with any one of SEQ ID NO: 1 to SEQ ID NO: 13.
7. The primer pair of claim 6, wherein said first and second oligonucleotide primers independently have lengths of 12 to 50 nucleotides.
8. The primer pair of claim 6, wherein said first and second oligonucleotide primers independently have lengths of 12 to 22 nucleotides.
9. The primer pair of claim 6, wherein said first oligonucleotide primer sequence is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 14 and SEQ ID NO: 15, and said second oligonucleotide primer sequence is SEQ ID NO: 16.
10. A probe for detecting *Nitrospira* DNA, said probe comprising at least 12 nucleotides having a sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) any one of SEQ ID NO: 1 to SEQ ID NO: 13; and
 - (ii) a DNA sequence having at least 92% identity with any one of SEQ ID NO: 1 to SEQ ID NO: 13.

11. The probe of claim 10, wherein said probe has a length of 15 to 50 nucleotides.
12. The probe of claim 10, wherein said probe has a length of 15 to 22 nucleotides.
13. A kit comprising:
 - at least one primer according to claim 2;
 - 5 at least one primer pair according to claim 6; or
 - at least one probe according to claim 10.
14. The kit of claim 13, wherein said kit further includes reagents selected from the group consisting of buffers, salts, detergents, nucleotides and thermostable polymerase.
15. A method of detecting a *Nitrospira* species in a sample, said method comprising the steps of:
 - 10 (a) lysing cells in said sample to release genomic DNA;
 - (b) contacting denatured genomic DNA from step (a) with a primer pair according to claim 6;
 - (c) amplifying *Nitrospira* DNA by cyclically reacting said primer pair with said DNA to produce an amplification product; and
 - 15 (d) detecting said amplification product.
16. The method according to claim 15, wherein said amplification product has a length of 50 to 1,400 bps.
17. A method of quantitating the level of a *Nitrospira* species in a sample, said method comprising the steps of:
 - 20 (a) lysing cells in said sample to release genomic DNA;
 - (b) contacting denatured genomic DNA from step (a) with a primer pair according to claim 6;
 - (c) amplifying *Nitrospira* DNA by cyclically reacting said primer pair with said DNA to produce an amplification product; and
 - 25 (d) detecting said amplification product and quantitating the level of said product by comparison with at least one reference standard.
18. The method according to claim 17, wherein said amplification product has a length of 50 to 1,400 bps.
19. A method of detecting a *Nitrospira* species in a sample, said method comprising the steps of:
 - 30 (a) lysing cells in said sample to release genomic DNA;
 - (b) contacting denatured genomic DNA from step (a) with a labelled probe according to claim 4 under conditions which allow hybridisation of said genomic DNA said probe;
 - (c) separating hybridised labeled probe and genomic DNA from unhybridised labeled probe; and
 - 35 (d) detecting said labeled probe-genomic DNA hybrid.

20. A method of detecting cells of a *Nitrospira* species in a sample, said method comprising the steps of:

- (a) treating cells in said sample to fix cellular contents;
- (b) contacting said fixed cells from step (a) with a labeled probe according to claim 10 under conditions which allow said probe to hybridise with RNA within said fixed cell;
- (c) removing unhybridised probe from said fixed cells; and
- (d) detecting said labeled probe-RNA hybrid.

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Patent Agents of the Applicant

1/17

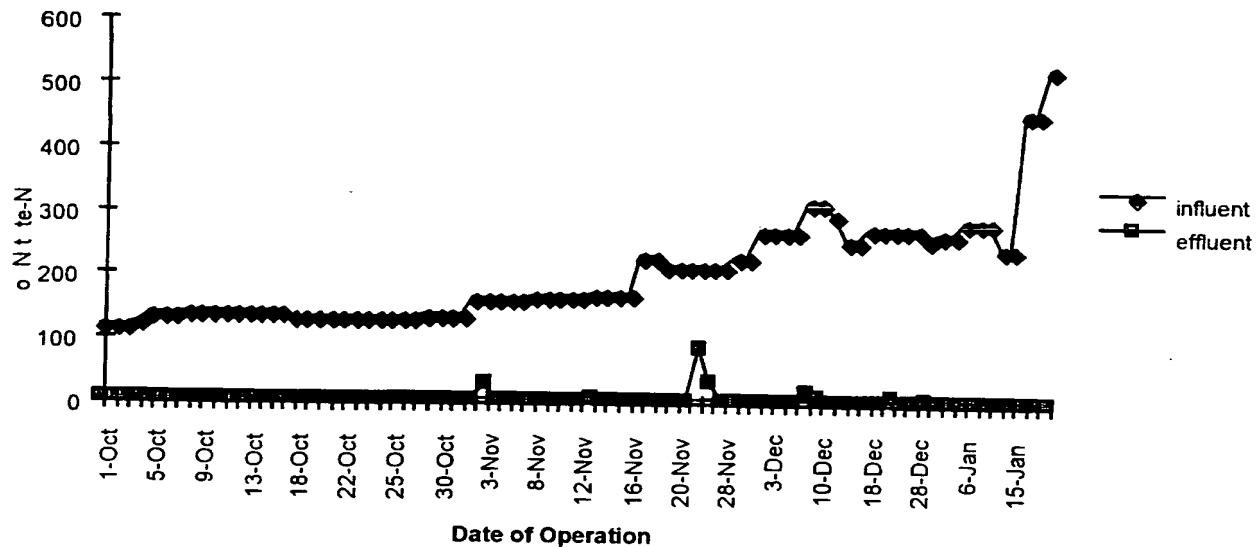


Fig. 1

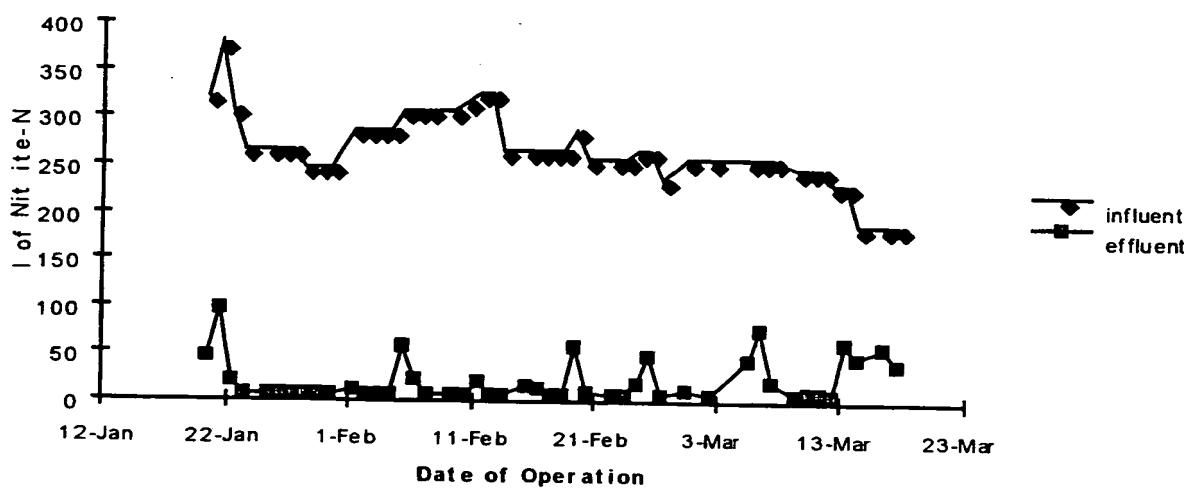


Fig. 2

2/17

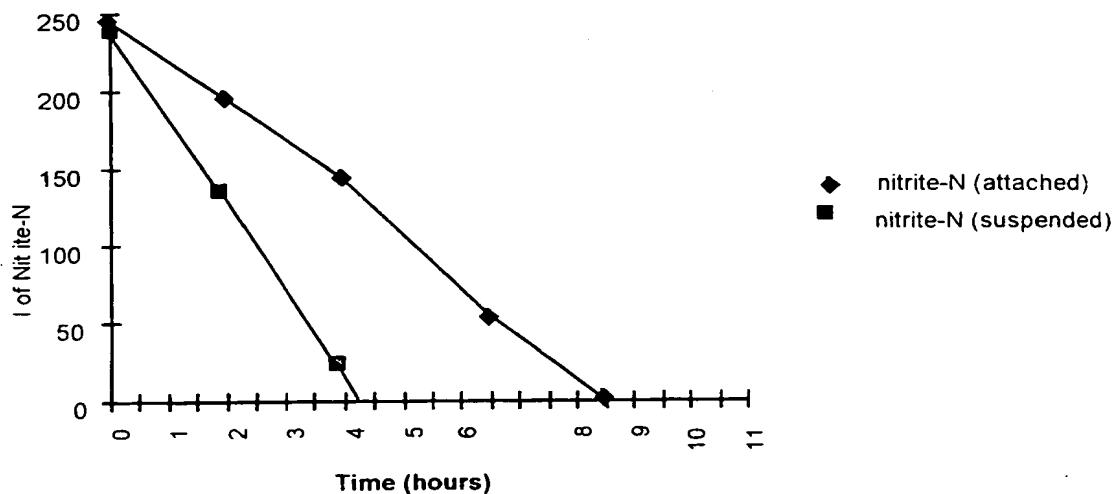


Fig. 3

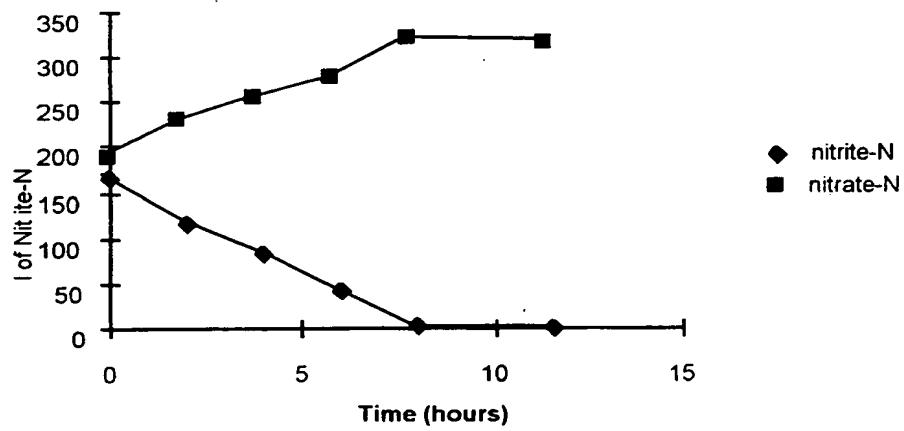


Fig. 4

3/17

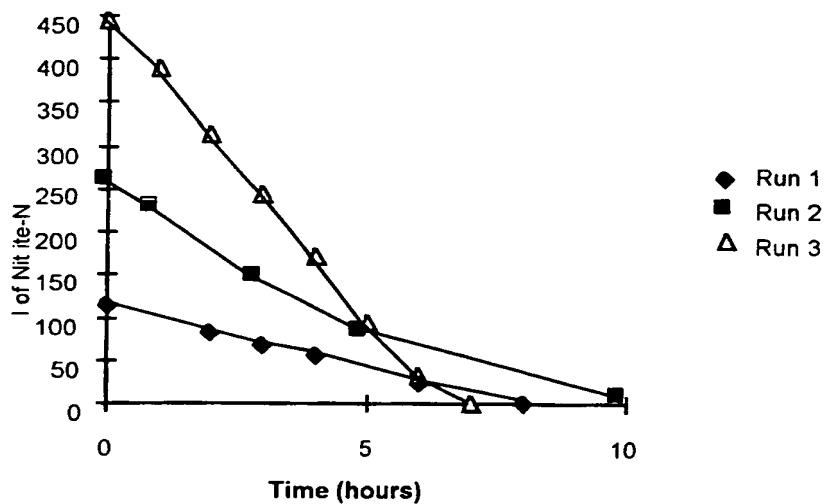


Fig. 5

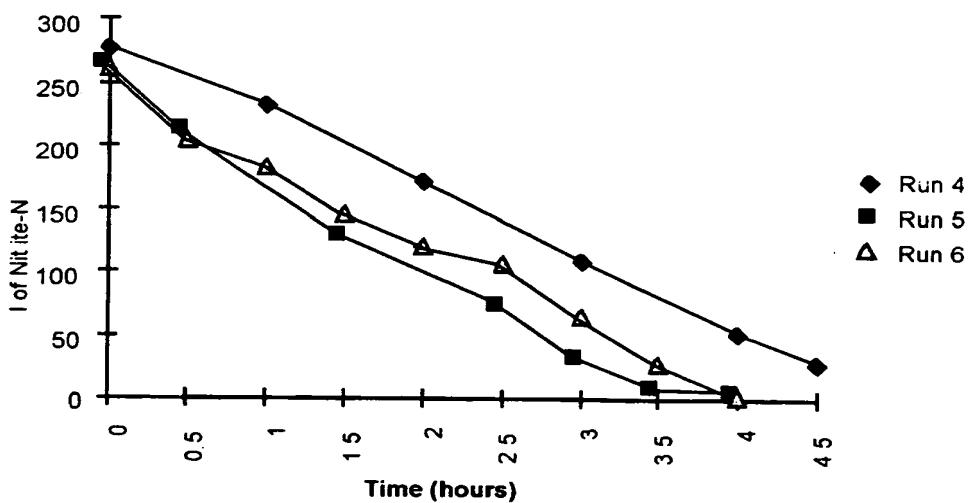


Fig. 6

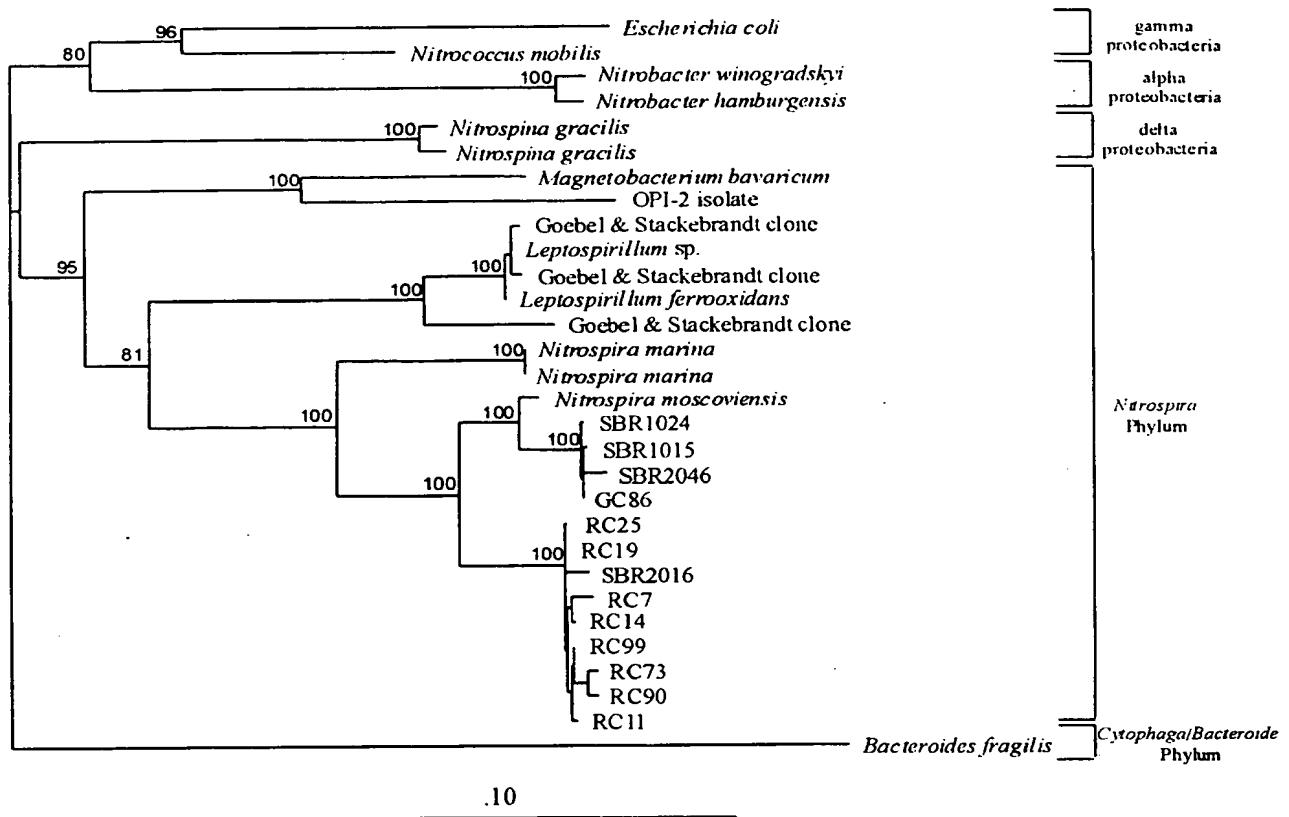


Fig. 7

5/17

[1	50]
SBR1024-----	
SBR1015-----	
GC86 -----	TCGACCTG CAGGCGGCCG CACTAGTGAT
SBR2046-----	
RC25 -----	GC TCTCCCATAT GGTGACCTG CAGGCGGCCG CACTAGTGAT
RC19 -----	
SBR2016-----	
RC7 -----	
RC14 -----	
RC99 -----	
RC11 -----	
RC73 -----	
RC90 -----	
[51	100]
SBR1024-----	
SBR1015-----	
GC86 TAGAGTTGAG TCCTGGCTCA GAAACGAACGC TGGCGGCCG CCTAATACAT	
SBR2046-----	
RC25 TAGAGTTGAG TCCTGGCTCA GAAACGAACGC TGGCGGCCG CCTAATACAT	
RC19 -----	
SBR2016-----	
RC7 -----	TAATACAT
RC14 -----	TAATACAT
RC99 -----	CCTAATACAT
RC11 -----	AATACAT
RC73 -----	AATACAT
RC90 -----	TAATACAT
[101	150]
SBR1024-CAAGTCGAG CGAGAAGACG TA..... GCAA..... TA	
SBR1015GCAAGTCGAG CGAGAAGACG TA..... GCAA..... TA	
GC86 GCAAGTCGAG CGAGAAGACG TA..... GCAA..... TA	
SBR2046----- CGAGAAGACG TA..... GCAA..... TA	
RC25 GCAAGTCGAG CGAGAAGACG TA..... GCAA..... TA	
RC19 --AAGTCGAG CGAGAAGGTG TA..... GCAA..... TA	
SBR2016GCAAGTCGAG CGAGAAGGTG TA..... GCAA..... TA	
RC7 GCAAGTCGAG CGAGAAGGTG TA..... GCAA..... TA	
RC14 ----- CGAGAAGGTG TA..... GCAA..... TA	
RC99 GCAAGTCGAT CGAGAAGGTG TA..... GCAA..... TA	
RC11 GCAAGTCGAT CGAGAAGGTG TA..... GCAA..... TA	
RC73 GCAAGTCGAT CGAGAAGGTG TA..... GCAA..... TA	
RC90 GCAAGTCGAT CGAGAAGGTG TA..... GCAA..... TA	

Fig. 8

6/17

[151	200]
SBR1024CGTTTGTAAA GCGGC.....	GAACGGGT GAGGAATACA TGGGTAACCT
SBR1015CGTTTGTAAA GCGGC.....	GAACGGGT GAGGAATACA TGGGTAACCT
GC86 CGTTTGTAAA GCGGC.....	GAACGGGT GAGGAATACA TGGGTAACCT
SBR2046CGTTTGTAAA GCGGC.....	GAACGGGT GAGGAATACA TGGGTAACCT
RC25 CGTTTGTAAA GCGGC.....	GAACGGGT GAGGAATACA TGGGTAATCT
RC19 CACTTGTAAA GCGGC.....	GAACGGGT GAGGAATACA TGGGTAATCT
SBR2016CACTTGTAAA GCGGC.....	GAACGGGT GAGGAATACA TGGGTAATCT
RC7 CACTTGTAAA GCGGC.....	GAACGGGT GAGGAATACA TGGGTAATCT
RC14 CACTTGTAAA GCGGC.....	GAACGGGT GAGGAATACA TGGGTAATCT
RC99 CACTTGTAAA GCGGC.....	GAACGGGT GAGGAATACA TGGGTAATCT
RC11 CACTTGTAAA GCGGC.....	GAACGGGT GAGGAATACA TGGGTAATCT
RC73 CACTTGTAAA GCGGC.....	GAACGGGT GAGGAATACA TGGGTAATCT
RC90 CACTTGTAAA GCGGC.....	GAACGGGT GAGGAATACA TGGGTAATCT
[201	250]
SBR1024ACCTTCGAGT GGGGAATAAC TAGCCGAAAG GTTAGCTAAT ACCGCATACG	
SBR1015ACCCTCGAGT GGGGAATAAC TAACCGAAAG GTTAGCTAAT ACCGCATACG	
GC86 ACCCTCGAGT GGGGAATAAC TAGCCGAAAG GTTAGCTAAT ACCGCATACG	
SBR2046ACCCTCGAGT GGGGAATAAC TAACCGAAAG GTTAGCTAAT ACCGCATACG	
RC25 ACCATCGAGT GGGGAATAAC CAACCGAAAG GTTGGCTAAT ACCGCGTACG	
RC19 ACCATCGAGT GGGGAATAAC CAGCCGAAAG GTTGGCTAAT ACCGCGTACG	
SBR2016ACCATCGAGT GGGGAATAAC CAACCGAAAG GTTGGCTAAT ACCGCGTACG	
RC7 ACCATCGAGT GGGGAATAAC CAACCGAAAG GTTGGCTAAT ACCGCGTACG	
RC14 ACCATCGAGT GGGGAATAAC CAACCGAAAG GTTGGCTAAT ACCGCGTACG	
RC99 ACCATCGAGT GGGGAATAAC CAACCGAAAG GTTGGCTAAT ACCGCGTACG	
RC11 ACCATCGAGT GGGGAATAAC CAACCGAAAG GTTGGCTAAT ACCGCGTACG	
RC73 ACCATCGAGT GGGGAATAAC CAACCGAAAG GTTGGCTAAT ACCGCGTACG	
RC90 ACCATCGAGT GGGGAATAAC CAACCGAAAG GTTGGCTAAT ACCGCGTACG	
[251	300]
SBR1024ACTCCTGGTC .TGC..GGAT CGGGAGAGAA AGCGATACC. GTG.	
SBR1015GCTCCTGGTC .TGC..GGAT CGGGAGAGAA AGCGATACC. GTG.	
GC86 ACTCCTGGTC .TGC..GGAT CGGGAGAGAA AGCGATACC. GTG.	
SBR2046GCTCCTGGTC .TGC..GGAT CGGGAGAGAA AGCGATACC. GTG.	
RC25 CTTCTGAGTC .TTC..GGGT TCGGAAGGAA AGCCGTACT. GTG.	
RC19 CTTCCGAGTC .TTC..GGGC TTGGAAGGAA AGCCGCACT. GTG.	
SBR2016CTTCTGAGCC .TTC..GTGT TCGGAAGGAA AGCCGTACT. GTG.	
RC7 CCTCCGAGTC .TTC..GGGT TCGGAGGGAA AGCTGCACT. GTG.	
RC14 CCTCCGAGTC .TTC..GGGT TCGGAGGGAA AGCTGCACT. GTG.	
RC99 CCTCCGAGTC .TTC..GGGT TCGGAGGGAA AGCTGCACT. GTG.	
RC11 CCTCCGAGTC .TTC..GGGT TCGGAGGGAA AGCTGCACT. GTG.	
RC73 CCTCCGAGTC .TTC..GGGT TCGGAGGGAA AGCTGCACT. GTG.	
RC90 CTTCCGAGTC .TTC..GGGC TTGGAAGGAA AGCCGCACT. GTG.	

Fig. 8 (continued)

7/17

[301

350]

SBR1024.....GGTAT CGCGCTCTTG GATGGGCTCA TGTCCCTATCA GCTTGGTGGT
 SBR1015.....GGTAT CGCGCTCTTG GATGGGCTCA TGTCCCTATCA GCTTGGTGGT
 GC86.....GGTAT CGCGCTCTTG GATGGGCTCA TGTCCCTATCA GCTTGGTGGT
 SBR2046.....GGTAT CGCGCTCTTG GATGGGCTCA TGTCCCTATCA GCTTGGTGGT
 RC25.....AGTGC GGCGCTCTTT GATGAGCTCA TGTCCCTATCA GCTTGGTGGT
 RC19.....AGTGC GGCGCTCTTT GATGAGCTCA TGTCCCTATCA GCTTGGTGGT
 SBR2016.....AGTGC GGCGCTCTTT GATGAGCTCA TGTCCCTATCA GCTTGGTGGT
 RC7.....AGTGT AGCGCTCTTT GATGAGCTCA TGTCCCTATCA GCTTGGTGGT
 RC14.....AGTGT AGCGCTCTTT GATGAGCTCA TGTCCCTATCA GCTTGGTGGT
 RC99.....AGTGT AGCGCTCTTT GATGAGCTCA TGTCCCTATCA GCTTGGTGGT
 RC11.....AGTGT AGCGCTCTTT GATGAGCTCA TGTCCCTATCA GCTTGGTGGT
 RC73.....AGTGT AGCGCTCTTT GATGAGCTCA TGTCCCTATCA GCTTGGTGGT
 RC90.....AGTGC GGCGCTCTTT GATGAGCTCA TATCCTATCA NCTTGGTGGT

[351

400]

SBR1024GAGGTAACGG CCTCACCAAGG CTTCGACGGG TAGCTGGTCT GAGAGGACGA
 SBR1015GAGGTAACGG CCTCACCAAGG CTTCGACGGG TAGCTGGTCT GAGAGGACGA
 GC86 GAGGTAACGG CCTCACCAAGG CTTCGACGGG TAGCTGGTCT GAGAGGACGA
 SBR2046GAGGTAACGG CCTCACCAAGG CTTCGACGGG TAGCTGGTCT GAGAGGACGA
 RC25 AGGGTAACGG CCTACCAAGG CTTTGACGGG TAGCTGGTCT GAGAGGACGA
 RC19 AGGGTAACGG CCTACCAAGG CTTTGACGGG TAGCTGGTCT GAGAGGACGA
 SBR2016AGGGTAACGG CCTACCAAGG CTTTGACGGG TAGCTGGTCT GAGAGGACGA
 RC7 AGGGTAACGG CCTACCAAGG CTTTGACGGG TAGCTGGTCT GAGAGGACGA
 RC14 AGGGTAACGG CCTACCAAGG CTTTGACGGG TAGCTGGTCT GAGAGGACGA
 RC99 AGGGTAACGG CCTACCAAGG CTTTGACGGG TAGCTGGTCT GAGAGGACGA
 RC11 AGGGTAACGG CCTACCAAGG CTTTGACGGG TAGCTGGTCT GAGAGGACGA
 RC73 AGGGTAACGG CCTACCAAGG CTTTGACGGG TATCTGGTCT GAGAGGACGA
 RC90 AGGGTAACGG CCTACCAAGG CTTTGACGGG TATCTGGTCT GAGAGGACGA

[401

450]

SBR1024TCAGCCACAC TGGCACTGCG ACACGGGCCA GACTCCTACG GGAGGCAGCA
 SBR1015TCAGCCACAC TGGCACTGCG ACACGGGCCA GACTCCTACG GGAGGCAGCA
 GC86 TCAGCCACAC TGGCACTGCG ACACGGGCCA GACTCCTACG GGAGGCAGCA
 SBR2046TCAGCCACAC TGGCACTGCG ACACGGGCCA GACTCCTACG GGAGGCAGCA
 RC25 TCAGCCACAC TGGCACTGCG ACACGGGCCA GACTCCTACG GGAGGCAGCA
 RC19 TCAGCCACAC TGGCACTGCG ACACGGGCCA GACTCCTACG GGAGGCAGCA
 SBR2016TCAGCCACAC TGGCACTGCG ACACGGGCCA GACTCCTACG GGAGGCAGCA
 RC7 TCAGCCACAC TGGCACTGCG ACACGGGCCA GACTCCTACG GGAGGCAGCA
 RC14 TCAGCCACAC TGGCACTGCG ACACGGGCCA GACTCCTACG GGAGGCAGCA
 RC99 TCAGCCACAC TGGCACTGCG ACACGGGCCA GACTCCTACG GGAGGCAGCA
 RC11 TCAGCCACAC TGGCACTGCG ACACGGGCCA GACTCCTACG GGAGGCAGCA
 RC73 TCAGCCACAC TGGCACTGCG ACACGGGCCA GACTCCTACG GGAGGCAGCA
 RC90 TCAGCCACAC TGGCACTGCG ACACGGGCCA GACTCCTACG GGAGGCAGCA

Fig. 8 (continued)

8/17

[451	500]				
SBR1024GTAAGGAATA	TTGCGCAATG	GGC.GACAGC	CTGACGCAGC	NACGCCGCGT	
SBR1015GTAAGGAATA	TTGCGCAATG	GGC.GACAGC	CTGACGCAGC	NACGCCGCGT	
GC86	GTAAGGAATA	TTGCGCAATG	GGC.GACAGC	CTGACGCAGC	NACGCCGCGT
SBR2046GTAAGGAATA	TTGCGCAATG	GGC.GACAGC	CTGACGCAGC	GACGCCGCGT	
RC25	GTAAGGAATA	TTGCGCAATG	GGC.GAAAGC	CTGACGCAGC	NACGCCGCGT
RC19	GTAAGGAATA	TTGCGCAATG	GGC.GAAAGC	CTGACGCAGC	GACGCCGCGT
SBR2016GTAAGGAATA	TTGCGCAATG	GGC.GAAAGC	CTGACGCAGC	NACGCCGCGT	
RC7	GTAAGGAATA	TTGCGCAATG	GGC.GAAAGC	CTGACGCAGC	NACGCCGCGT
RC14	GTAAGGAATA	TTGCGCAATG	GGC.GAAAGC	CTGACGCAGC	NACGCCGCGT
RC99	GTAAGGAATA	TTGCGCAATG	GGC.GAAAGC	CTGACGCAGC	CACGCCGCGT
RC11	GTAAGGAATA	TTGCGCAATG	GGC.GAAAGC	CTGACGCAGC	CACGCCGCGT
RC73	GTAAGGAATA	TTGCGCAATG	GGC.GAAACC	CNGACGCAGC	CACGCCGCGT
RC90	GTAAGGAATA	TTGCGCAATG	GGC.GAAACC	CNGACGCAGC	CACGCCGCGT
[501	550]				
SBR1024GGGGGATGAA	GGTC.TTCGG	ATTGTAAACC	CCTTTCGGCA	GGGAAGATGG	
SBR1015GGGGGATGAA	GGTC.TTCGG	ATTGTAAACC	CCTTTCGGCA	GGGAAGATGG	
GC86	GGGGGATGAA	GGTC.TTCGG	ATTGTAAACC	CCTTTCGGCA	GGGAAGATGG
SBR2046TGGGGATGAA	AGTC.TTCCG	ATTGTAAACC	CCTTTCGGCA	GGGAAGATGG	
RC25	GGGGGATGAA	GGTC.TTCGG	ATTGTAAACC	CCTTTCGGGA	GGGAAGATGG
RC19	GGGGGATGAA	GGTC.TTCGG	ATTGTAAACC	CCTTTCGGGA	GGGAAGATGG
SBR2016GGGGGATGAA	GGTC.TTCGG	ATTGTAAACC	CCTTTCGGGA	GGGAAGATGG	
RC7	GGGGGATGAA	GGTC.TTCGG	ATTGTAAACC	CCTTTCGGGA	GGGAAGATGG
RC14	GGGGGATGAA	GGTC.TTCGG	ATTGTAAACC	CCTTTCGGGA	GGGAAGATGG
RC99	GGGGGATGAA	GGTC.TTCGG	ATTGTAAACC	CCTTTCGGGA	GGGAAGATGG
RC11	GGGGGATGAA	GGTC.TTCGG	ATTGTAAACC	CCTTTCGGGA	GGGAAGATGG
RC73	GGGGGATGAA	GGTC.TTCGG	ATTGTAAACC	CCTTTCGGGA	GGGAAGATGG
RC90	GGGGGATGAA	GGTC.TTCGG	ATTGTAAACC	CCTTTCGGGA	GGGAAGATGG
[551	600]				
SBR1024AACGG.....	.GTAA.....	....CCGTTCG	GACGGTACCT	GCAGAACGAG	
SBR1015AACGG.....	.GTAA.....	....CCGTTCG	GACGGTACCT	GCAGAACGAG	
GC86	AACGG.....	.GTAA.....	....CCGTTCG	GACGGTACCT	GCAGAACGAG
SBR2046AACGG.....	.GTAA.....	....CCGTTCG	GACGGTACCT	GCAGAACGAG	
RC25	AGCGA.....	.GCAA.....	....TCGTTCG	GACGGTACCT	CCAGAACGAG
RC19	AGCCA.....	.GCAA.....	....TCGTTCG	GACGGTACCT	CCAGAACGAG
SBR2016AGCGA.....	.GCAA.....	....TCGTTCG	GACGGTACCT	CCAGAACGAG	
RC7	AGCGA.....	.GCAA.....	....TCGTTCG	GACGGTACCT	CCAGAACGAG
RC14	AGCGA.....	.GCAA.....	....TCGTTCG	GACGGTACCT	CCAGAACGAG
RC99	AGCGA.....	.GCAA.....	....TCGTTCG	GACGGTACCT	CCAGAACGAG
RC11	AGCGA.....	.GCAA.....	....TCGTTCG	GACGGTACCT	CCAGAACGAG
RC73	AACGA.....	.GCAA.....	....TCGTTCG	GACGGTACCT	CCAGAACGAG
RC90	AACGA.....	.GCAA.....	....TCGTTCG	GACGGTACCT	CCAGAACGAG

Fig. 8 (continued)

9/17

[601

650]

SBR1024CCACGGCTAA CTTCGTGCCA GCAGCCGCGG TAATACGAAG GTGGCAAGCG
 SBR1015CCACGGCTAA CTTCGTGCCA GCAGCCGCGG TAATACGAAG GTGGCAAGCG
 GC86 CCACGGCTAA CTTCGTGCCA GCAGCCGCGG TAATACGAAG GTGGCAAGCG
 SBR2046CCACGGCTAA CTTCGTGCCA GCAGCCGCGG TAATACGAAG GTGGCAAGCG
 RC25 CCACGGCCAA CTTCGTGCCA GCAGCCGCGG TAATACGAAG GTGGCAAGCG
 RC19 CCACGGCCAA CTTCGTGCCA GCAGCCGCGG TAATACGAAG GTGGCAAGCG
 SBR2016CCACGGCCAA CTTCGTGCCA GCAGCCGCGG TAATACGAAG GTGGCAAGCG
 RC7 CCACGGCCAA CTTCGTGCCA GCAGCCGCGG TAATACGAAG GTGGCAAGCG
 RC14 CCACGGCCAA CTTCGTGCCA GCAGCCGCGG TAATACGAAG GTGGCAAGCG
 RC99 CCACGGCCAA CTTCGTGCCA GCAGCCGCGG TAATACGAAG GTGGCAAGCG
 RC11 CCACGGCCAA CTTCGTGCCA GCAGCCGCGG TAATACGAAG GTGGCAAGCG
 RC73 CCACGGCCAA CTTCGTGCCA GCAGCCGCGG TAATACGAAG GTGGCAAGCG
 RC90 CCACGGCCAA CTTCGTGCCA GCAGCCGCGG TAATACGAAG GTGGCAAGCG

[651

700]

SBR1024TTGTTCGGAT TTACTGGCG TACAGGGAGC GTAGGCGGTT GGGTAAGCCC
 SBR1015TTGTTCGGAT TTACTGGCG TACAGGGAGC GTAGGCGGTT GGGTAAGCCC
 GC86 TTGTTCGGAT TTACTGGCG TACAGGGAGC GTAGGCGGTT GGGTAAGCCC
 SBR2046TTGTTCGGAT TTACTGGCG TACAGGGAGC GTAGGCGGTT GGGTAAGCCC
 RC25 TTGTTCGGAT TCACTGGCG TACAGGGTGT GTAGGCGGTT TGGTAAGCCT
 RC19 TTGTTCGGAT TCACTGGCG TACAGGGTGT GTANGCGGTT TGGTAAGCCT
 SBR2016TTGTTGGAT TCACTGGCG TACAGGGTGT GTAGGCGGTT TGGTAAGCCT
 RC7 TTGTTCGGAT TCACTGGCG TACAGGGTGT GTAGGCGGTT TGGTAAGCCT
 RC14 TTGTTCGGAT TCACTGGCG TACAGGGTGT GTAGGCGGTT TGGTAAGCCT
 RC99 TTGTTCGGAT TCACTGGCG TACAGGGTGT GTAGGCGGTT TGGTAAGCCT
 RC11 TTGTTCGGAT TCACTGGCG TACAGGGTGT GTAGGCGGTT TGGTAAGCCT
 RC73 TTGTTCGGAT TCACTGGCG TACAGGGTGT GTAGGCGGTT TGGTAAGCCT
 RC90 TTGTTCGGAT TCACTGGCG TACAGGGTGT GTAGGCGGTT TGGTAAGCCT

[701

750]

SBR1024TCCGTAAAT CTCCGGGCCT AACCCGGAAA GTGCGGAGGG GACTGCTCGG
 SBR1015TCCGTAAAT CTCCGGGCCT AACCCGGAAA GTGCGGAGGG GACTGCTCGG
 GC86 TCCGTAAAT CTCCGGGCCT AACCCGGAAA GTGCGGAGGG GACTGCTCGG
 SBR2046TCCGTAAAT CTCCGGGCCT AACCCGGAAA GTGCGGAGGG GACTGCTCGG
 RC25 TCTGTTAAAG CTTCGGGCCC AACCCGGAAA GCGCAGACGG TACTGCCAGG
 RC19 TCTGTTAAAG CTTCGGGCCC AACCCGGAAA GCGCAGAGGG TACTGCCAGG
 SBR2016TCTGTTAAAG CTTCGGGCCC AACCCGAAAA GCGCAGAGGG TACTGCCAGG
 RC7 TCTGTTAAAG CTTCGGGCCC AACCCGGAAA GCGCAGGGGG TACTGCCAGG
 RC14 TCTGTTAAAG CTTCGGGCCC AACCCGGAAA GCGCAGAGGG TACTGCCAGG
 RC99 TCTGTTAAAG CTTCGGGCCC AACCCGGAAA GCGCAGAGGG TACTGCCAGG
 RC11 TCTGTTAAAG CTTCGGGCCC AACCCGGAAA GCGCAGAGGG TACTGCCAGG
 RC73 TCTGTTAAAG CTTCGGGCCC AACCCGGAAA GCGCAGAGGG TACTGCCAGG
 RC90 TCTGTTAAAG CTTCGGGCCC AACCCGGAAA GCGCAGAGGG TACTGCCAGG

Fig. 8 (continued)

10/17

[751	800]			
SBR1024CTAGAGGATG	GGAGAGGAGC	GCGGAATTCC	CGGTGTAGCG	GTGAAATGCG
SBR1015CTAGAGGATG	GGAGAGGAGC	GCGGAATTCC	CGGTGTAGCG	GTGAAATGCG
GC86 CTAGAGGATG	GGAGAGGAGC	GCGGAATTCC	CGGTGTAGCG	GTGAAATGCG
SBR2046CTAGAGGATG	GGAGAGGAGC	GCGGAATTCC	CGGTGTAGCG	GTGAAATGCG
RC25 CTAGAGGGTG	GGAGAGGAGC	GCGGAATTCC	CGGTGTAGCG	GTGAAATGCG
RC19 CTAGAGGGTG	GGAGAGGAGC	GCGGAATTCC	CGGTGTAGCG	GTGAAATGCG
SBR2016CTAGAGGGTG	GGAGAGGAGC	GCGGAATTCC	CGGTGTAGCG	GTGAAATGCG
RC7 CTAGAGGGTG	GGAGAGGAGC	GCGGAATTCC	CGGTGTAGCG	GTGAAATGCG
RC14 CTAGAGGGTG	GGAGAGGAGC	GCGGAATTCC	CGGTGTAGCG	GTGAAATGCG
RC99 CTAGAGGGTG	GGAGAGGAGC	GCGGAATTCC	CGGTGTAGCG	GTGAAATGCG
RC11 CTAGAGGGTG	GGAGAGGAGC	GCGGAATTCC	CGGTGTAGCG	GTGAAATGCG
RC73 CTAGAGGGTG	GGAGAGGAGC	GCGGAATTCC	CGGTGTAGCG	GTGAAATGCG
RC90 CTAGAGGGTG	GGAGAGGAGC	GCGGAATTCC	CGGTGTAGCG	GTGAAATGCG
[801	850]			
SBR1024TAGAGATCGG	GAGGAAGGCC	GGTGGCGAAG	GCGGCGCTCT	GGAACATTT
SBR1015TAGAGATCGG	GAGGAAGGCC	GGTGGCGAAG	GCGGCGCTCT	GGAACATTT
GC86 TAGAGATCGG	GAGGAAGGCC	GGTGGCGAAG	GCGGCGCTCT	GGAACATTT
SBR2046TAGAGATCGG	GAGGAAGGCC	GGTGGCGAAG	GCGGCGCTCT	GGAACATTT
RC25 TAGAGATCGG	GAGGAAGGCC	GGTGGCGAAG	GCGGCGCTCT	GGAACATACC
RC19 TAGAGATCGG	GAGGAAGGCC	GGTGGCGAAG	GCGGCGCTCT	GGAACATGCC
SBR2016TAGAGATCGG	GAGGAAGGCC	GGTGGCGAAG	GCGGCGCTCT	GGAACATACC
RC7 TAGAGATCGG	GAGGAAGGCC	GGTGGCGAAG	GCGGCGCTCT	GGAACATACC
RC14 TAGAGATCGG	GAGGAAGGCC	GGTGGCGAAG	GCGGCGCTCT	GGAACATACC
RC99 TAGAGATCGG	GAGGAAGGCC	GGTGGCGAAG	GCGGCGCTCT	GGAACATACC
RC11 TAGAGATCGG	GAGGAAGGCC	GGTGGCGAAG	GCGGCGCTCT	GGAACATACC
RC73 TAGAGATCGG	GAGGAAGGCC	GGTGGCGAAG	GCGGCGCTCT	GGAACATACC
RC90 TAGAGATCGG	GAGGAAGGCC	GGTGGCGAAG	GCGGCGCTCT	GGAACATACC
[851	900]			
SBR1024TGACGCTGAG	GCTCGAAAGC	GTGGGGAGCA	AACAGGATTA	GATACCCTGG
SBR1015TGACGCTGAG	GCTCGAAAGC	GTGGGGAGCA	AACAGGATTA	GATACCCTGG
GC86 TGACGCTGAG	GCTCGAAAGC	GTGGGGAGCA	AACAGGATTA	GATACCCTGG
SBR2046TGACGCTGAG	GCTCGAAAGC	GTGGGGAGCA	AACAGGATTA	GATACCCTGG
RC25 TGACGCTGAG	ACACGAAAGC	GTGGGGAGCA	AACAGGATTA	GATACCCTGG
RC19 TGACGCTGAG	ACACGAAAGC	GTGGGGAGCA	AACAGGATTA	GATACCCTGG
SBR2016TGACGCTGAG	ACACGAAAAC	GTGGGGAGCA	AACAGGATTA	GATACCCTGG
RC7 TGACGCTGAG	ACACGAAAGC	GTGGGGAGCA	AACAGGATTA	GATACCCTGG
RC14 TGACGCTGAG	ACACGAAAGC	GTGGGGAGCA	AACAGGATTA	GATACCCTGG
RC99 TGACGCTGAG	ACACGAAAGC	GTGGGGAGCA	AACAGGATTA	GATACCCTGG
RC11 TGACGCTGAG	ACACGAAAGC	GTGGGGAGCA	AACAGGATTA	GATACCCTGG
RC73 TGACGCTGAG	ACACGAAAGC	GTGGGGNGCA	AACAGGATTA	GATACCCTGG
RC90 TGACGCTCAG	ACACGAAAGC	GTGGGGAGCA	AACAGGATTA	GATACCCTGG

Fig. 8 (continued)

11/17

[901	950]
SBR1024TAGTCCACGC CTTAAACGAT GGATACTAAG TGTCGGCGG.	
SBR1015TAGTCCACGC CTTAAACGAT GGATACTAAG TGTCGGCGG.	
GC86 TAGTCCACGC CTTAAACGAT GGATACTAAG TGTCGGCGG.	
SBR2046TAGTCCACGC CTTAAACGAT GGATACTAAG TGTCGGCGG.	
RC25 TAGTCCACGC CCTAAACTAT GGATACTAAG TGTCGGCGG.	
RC19 TAGTCCACGC CCTAAACTAT GGATACTAAG TGTCGGCGG.	
SBR2016TAGTCCACGC CCTAAACTAT GGATACTAAG TGTCGGCGG.	
RC7 TAGTCCACGC CCTAAGCTAT GGATACTAAG TGTCGGCGG.	
RC14 TAGTCCACGC CCTAAACTAT GGATACTAAG TGTCGGCGG.	
RC99 TAGTCCACGC CCTAAACTAT GGATACTAAG TGTCGGCGG.	
RC11 TAGTCCACGC CCTAAACTAT GGATACTAAG TGTCGGCGG.	
RC73 TAGTCCACGC CCTAAACTAT GGATACTAAG TGTCGGCGG.	
RC90 TAGTCCACGC CCTAAACTAT GGATACTAAG TGTCGGCGG.	
[951	1000]
SBR1024.....G TTA..... CCGCCGGTG CCGCAGCTAA	
SBR1015.....G TTA..... CCGCCGGTG CCGCAGCTAA	
GC86 .....G TTA..... CCGCCGGTG CCGCAGCTAA	
SBR2046.....G TTA..... CCGCCGGTG CCGCAGCTAA	
RC25 .....G TTA..... CCGCCGGTG CCGCAGCTAA	
RC19 .....G TTA..... CCGCCGGTG CCGCAGCTAA	
SBR2016.....G TTA..... CCGCCGGTG CCGCAGCTAA	
RC7 .....G TTA..... CCGCCGGTG CCGCAGCTAA	
RC14 .....G TTA..... CCGCCGGTG CCGCAGCTAA	
RC99 .....G TTA..... CCGCCGGTG CCGCAGCTAA	
RC11 .....G TTA..... CCGCCGGTG CCGCAGCTAA	
RC73 .....G TTA..... CCGCCGGTG CCGCAGCTAA	
RC90 .....G TTA..... CCGCCGGTG CCGCAGCTAA	
[1001	1050]
SBR1024CGCATTAAGT ATCCCGCCTG GGAAGTACGG CCGCAAGGTT GAAACTAAA	
SBR1015CGCATTAAGT ATCCCGCCTG GGAAGTACGG CCGCAAGGTT GAAACTAAA	
GC86 CGCATTAAGT ATCCCGCCTG GGAAGTACGG CCGCAAGGTT GAAACTAAA	
SBR2046CGCATTAAGT ATCCCGCCTG GGAAGTACGG CCGCAAGGTT GAAACTAAA	
RC25 CGCATTAAGT ATCCCGCCTG GGAAGTACGG CCGCAAGGTT GAAACTAAA	
RC19 CGCATTAAGT ATCCCGCCTG GGAAGTACGG CCGCAAGGTT GAAACTAAA	
SBR2016CGCATTAAGT ATCCCGCCTG GGAGGTACGG CCGCAAGGTT GAAACTAAA	
RC7 CGCGTTAAGT ATCCCGCCTG GGAAGTACGG CCGCAAGGTT GAAACTAAA	
RC14 CGCATTAAGT ATCCCGCCTG GGAAGTACGG CCGCAAGGTT GAAACTAAA	
RC99 CGCATTAAGT ATCCCGCCTG GGAAGTACGG CCGCAAGGTT GAAACTAAA	
RC11 CGCATTAAGT ATCCCGCCTG GGAAGTACGG CCGCAAGGTT GAAACTAAA	
RC73 CGCATTAAGT ATCCCGCCTG GGAAGTACGG CCGCAAGGTT GAAACTAAA	
RC90 CGCATTAAGT ATCCCGCCTG GGAAGTACGG CCGCAAGGTT GAAACTAAA	

Fig. 8 (continued)

12/17

[1051	1100]				
SBR1024GGAATTGACG	GGGGCCCGCA	CAAGCGGTGG	AGCATGTGGT	TTAATTCGAC	
SBR1015GGAATTGACG	GGGGCCCGCA	CAAGCGGTGG	AGCATGTGGT	TTAATTCGAC	
GC86	GGAATTGACG	GGGGCCCGCA	CAAGCGGTGG	AGCATGTGGT	TTAATTCGAC
SBR2046GGAATTGACG	GGGCCCCGCA	CAAGCGGTGG	AGCATGTGGT	TTAATTCGAC	
RC25	GGAATTGACG	GGGGCCCGCA	CAAGCGGTGG	AGCATGTGGT	TTAATTCGAC
RC19	GGAATTGACG	GGGGCCCGCA	CAAGCGGTGG	AGCATGTGGT	TTAATTCGAC
SBR2016GGAATTGACG	GGGGCCCGCA	CAAGCGGTGG	AGCTTGTGGT	TTAATTCGAC	
RC7	GGAATTGACG	GGGGCCCGCA	CAAGCGGTGG	AGCATGTGGT	TTAATTCGAC
RC14	GGAATTGACG	GGGGCCCGCA	CAAGCGGTGG	AGCATGTGGT	TTAATTCGAC
RC99	GGAATTGACG	GGGGCCCGCA	CAAGCGGTGG	AGCATGTGGT	TTAATTCGAC
RC11	GGAATTGACG	GGGGCCCGCA	CAAGCGGTGG	AGCATGTGGT	TTAATTCGAC
RC73	GGGATTGACG	GGGGCCCGCA	CAAGCGGTGG	GGCATGTGGT	TTAATTCGAC
RC90	GGAATTGACG	GGGGCCCGCA	CAAGCGGTGG	AGCATGTGGT	TTAATTCGAC
[1101	1150]				
SBR1024GCAACGCGAA	GAACCTTA.C	CCAGGCTGGA	CATG.....	...CAGGTAG	
SBR1015GCAACGCGAA	GAACCTTA.C	CCAGGCTGGA	CATG.....	...CAGGTAG	
GC86	GCAACGCGAA	GAACCTTA.C	CCAGGCTGGA	CATG.....	...CAGGTAG
SBR2046GCAACGCGAA	GAACCTTA.C	CCAGGCAGGA	CATG.....	...CAGGTAG	
RC25	GCAACGCGAA	GAACCTTA.C	CCAGGTTGGA	CATG.....	...CACGTAG
RC19	GCAACGCGAA	GAACCTTA.C	CCAGGTTGGA	CATG.....	...CACGTAG
SBR2016GCAACGCGAA	GAACCTTA.C	CCAGGTTGGA	CATG.....	...CACGTAG	
RC7	GCAACGCGAA	GAACCTTA.C	CCAGGTTGGA	CATG.....	...CACGTAG
RC14	GCAACGCGAA	GAACCTTA.C	CCAGGTTGGA	CATG.....	...CACGTAG
RC99	GCAACGCGAA	GAACCTTA.C	CCAGGTTGGA	CATG.....	...CACGTAG
RC11	GCAACGCGAA	GAACCTTA.C	CCAGGTTGGA	CATG.....	...CACGTAG
RC73	GCAACGCGAA	GAACCTTA.C	CCAGGTTGGA	CATG.....	...CACGTAG
RC90	GCAACGCGAA	GAACCTTA.C	CCAGGTTGGA	CATG.....	...CACGTAG
[1151	1200]				
SBR1024TAGAAGGGT.	.GAAA..GCC	TAACGAGGTA	.....GCAA.	....TACCAT	
SBR1015TAGAAGGGT.	.GAAA..GCC	TAACGAGGTA	.....GCAA.	....TACCAT	
GC86	TAGAAGGGT.	.GAAA..GCC	TAACGAGGTA	.....GCAA.	....CACCAT
SBR2046TAGAAGGGT.	.GAAA..GCC	TAACGAGGTA	.....GCAA.	....TACCAT	
RC25	TAGAAAGGT.	.GAAA..GCC	TGACGAGGTA	.....GCAA.	....TACCAT
RC19	TAGAAAGGT.	.GAAA..GNC	TAACGAGGTA	.....GCAA.	....TACCAT
SBR2016TAGAAAGGT.	.GAAA..GCC	TGACGAGGTA	.....GCAA.	....TACCAT	
RC7	TAGAAAGGT.	.GAAA..GCC	TGACGAGGTA	.....GCAA.	....TACCAT
RC14	TAGAAAGGT.	.GAAA..GCC	TGACGAGGTA	.....GCAA.	....TACCAT
RC99	TAGAAAGGT.	.GAAA..GCC	TGACGAGGTA	.....GCAA.	....TACCAT
RC11	TANAAAGGT.	.GAAA..GCC	TGACGAGGTA	.....GCAA.	....TACCAT
RC73	TNGAAAGGT.	.GAAA..GCC	TGACGAGGTA	.....GCAA.	....TACCAT
RC90	TAGAAAGGT.	.GAAA..GCC	TGACGAGGTA	.....GCAA.	....TACCAT

Fig. 8 (continued)

13/17

[1201	1250]				
SBR1024CCTGCTCAGG	TGCTGCATGG	CTGTCGTCAG	CTCGTGCCGT	GAGGTGTTGG	
SBR1015CCTGCTCAGG	TGCTGCATGG	CTGTCGTCAG	CTCGTGCCGT	GAGGTGTTGG	
GC86	CCTGCTCAGG	TGCTGCATGG	CTGTCGTCAG	CTCGTGCCGT	GAGGTGTTGG
SBR2046CCTGCTCAGG	TGCTGCATGG	CTGTCGTCAG	CTCGTGCCGT	GAGGTGTTGG	
RC25	CGTGCTCAGG	TGCTGCATGG	CTGTCGTCAG	CTCGTGCCGT	GAGGTGTTGG
RC19	CGTGCTCAGG	TGCTGCATGG	CTGTCGTCAG	CTCGTGCCGT	GAGGTGTTGG
SBR2016CGTGCTCAGG	TGCTGCATGG	CTGTCGTCAG	CTCGTGCCGT	GAGGTGTTGG	
RC7	CGTGCTCAGG	TGCTGCATGG	CTGTCGTCAG	CTCGTGCCGT	GAGGTGTTGG
RC14	CGTGCTCAGG	TGCTGCATGG	CTGTCGTCAG	CTCGTGCCGT	GAGGTGTTGG
RC99	CGTGCTCAGG	TGCTGCATGG	CTGTCGTCAG	CTCGTGCCGT	GAGGTGTTGG
RC11	CGTGCTCAGG	TGCTGCATGG	CTGTCCTTCAG	CTCGTGCCGT	GAGGTGTTGG
RC73	CGTGCTCAGG	TGCTGCATGG	CTGTCGTCAG	CTCGTGCCGT	GAGGTGTTGG
RC90	CGTGCTCAGG	TGCTGCATGG	CTGTCGTCAG	CTCGTGCCGT	GAGGTGTTGG
[1251	1300]				
SBR1024GTTAAGTCCC	GCAACGAGCG	CAACCCCTGT	CTTCAGTTAC	CAACGG....	
SBR1015GTTAAGTCCC	GCAACGAGCG	CAACCCCTGT	CTTCAGTTAC	CAACGG....	
GC86	GTTAAGTCCC	GCAACGAGCG	CAACCCCTGT	CTTCAGTTAC	CAACGG....
SBR2046GTTAAGTCCC	GCAACGAGCG	CAACCCCTGT	CTTCAGTTAC	CAACGG....	
RC25	GTTAAGTCCC	GCAACGAGCG	CAACCCCTGC	TTTCAGTTGC	TACCGG....
RC19	GTTAAGTCCC	GCAACGAGCG	CAACCCCTGC	TTTCAGTTGC	TACCGG....
SBR2016GTTAAGTCCC	GCAACGAGCG	CAACCCCTGC	TTTCAGTTGC	TACCGG....	
RC7	GTTAAGTCCC	GCAACGAGCG	CAACCCCTGC	TTTCAGTTGC	TACCGG....
RC14	GTTAAGTCCC	GCAACGAGCG	CAACCCCTGC	TTTCAGTTGC	TACCGG....
RC99	GTTAAGTCCC	GCAACGAGCG	CAACCCCTGC	TTTCAGTTGC	TACCGG....
RC11	GTTAAGTCCC	GCAACGAGCG	CAACCCCTGC	TTTCAGTTGC	TACCGG....
RC73	GTTAAGTCCC	GCAACGAGCG	CAACCCCTGC	TTTCAGTTGC	TACCGG....
RC90	GTTAAGTCCC	GCAACGAGCG	CAACCCCTGC	TTTCAGTTGC	TGCCGG....
[1301	1350]				
SBR1024GTCATG....	CCGGGAACTC	TGGAGAGACT	GCCCAGGAGA	ACGGG.GAGG	
SBR1015GTCATG....	CCGGGAACTC	TGGAGAGACT	GCCCAGGAGA	ACGGGGGAGG	
GC86	GTCATG....	CCGGGAACTC	TGGAGAGACT	GCCCAGGAGA	ACGGG.GAGG
SBR2046GTCATG....	CCGGGAACTC	TGGAGAGACT	GCCCAGGAGA	ACGGG.GAGG	
RC25	GTCATG....	CCGAGCACTC	TGAAAGGACT	GCCCAGGATA	ACGGG.GAGG
RC19	GTCATG....	CCGAGCACTC	TGAAAGGACT	GCCCAGGATA	ACGGG.GAGG
SBR2016GTCATG....	CCGAGCACTC	TGAAAGGACT	GCCCAGGATA	ACGGG.GAGG	
RC7	GTCATG....	CCGAGCACTC	TGAAAGGACT	GCCCAGGATA	ACGGGGGAGG
RC14	GTCATG....	CCGAGCACTC	TGAAAGGACT	GCCCAGGATA	ACGGG.GAGG
RC99	GTCATG....	CCGAGCACTC	TGAAAGGACT	GCCCAGGATA	ACGGGGAAAGG
RC11	GTCATG....	CCGAACACTC	TGAAAGGACT	GCCCAGGATA	ACGGGGAAAGG
RC73	GTCATG....	CCGAACACTC	TGAAAGGACT	GCCCAGGATA	ACGGGGAAAGG
RC90	GTCATG....	CCGAACACTC	TGAAAGGACT	GCCCAGGATA	ACGGGGAAAGG

Fig. 8 (continued)

14/17

[1351	1400]
SBR1024AAGGTGGGA TGACGTCAAG TCAGCATGGC CTTTATGCCT GGGGCCACAC	
SBR1015AAGGTGGGA TGACGTCAAG TCAGCATGGC CTTTATGCCT GGGGCCACAC	
GC86 AAGGTGGGA TGACGTCAAG TCAGCATGGC CTTTATGCCT GGGGCCACAC	
SBR2046AAGGTGGGA TGACGTCAAG TCAGCATGGC CTTTATGCCT GGGGCCACAC	
RC25 AAGGTGGGA TGACGTCAAG TCAGCATGGC CTTTATGCCT GGGGCCACAC	
RC19 AAGGTGGGA TGACGTCAAG TCAGCATGGC CTTTATGCCT GGGGCCACAC	
SBR2016AAGGTGGGA TGACGTCAAG TCAGCATGGC CTTTATGCCT GGGGCCACAC	
RC7 AAGGTGGGA TGACGTCAAG TCAGCATGGC CTTTATGCCT GGGGCCACAC	
RC14 AAGGTGGGA TGACGTCAAG TCAGCATGGC CTTTATGCCT GGGGCCACAC	
RC99 AAGGTGGGA TGACGTCAAG TCAGCATGGC CTTTATGCCT GGGGCCACAC	
RC11 AAGGTGGGA TGACGTCAAG TCAGCATGGC CTTTATGCCT GGGGCCACAC	
RC73 AAGGTGGGA TGACGTCAAG TCAGCATGGC CTTTATACCT GGGGCCACAC	
RC90 AAGGTGGGA TGACGTCAAG TCAGCATGGC CTTTATGCCT GGGGCCACAC	
[1401	1450]
SBR1024ACGTGCTACA ATGGCCGGTA CAAAGCGCTG CAAACCC.GT AAGGGGGAGC	
SBR1015ACGTGCTACA ATGGCCGGTA CAAAGCGCTG CAAACCC.GT AAGGGGGAGC	
GC86 ACGTGCTACA ATGGCCGGTA CAAAGCGCTG CAAACCC.GT AAGGGGGAGC	
SBR2046ACGTGCTACA ATGGCCGGTA CAAAGCGCTG CAAACCC.GT AAGGGGGAGC	
RC25 ACGTGCTACA ATGGCCGGTA CAAAGCGCTG CAAACCC.GT GAGGGGGAGC	
RC19 ACGTGCTACA ATGGCCGGTA CAAAGCGCTG CAAACCC.GT GAGGGGGAGC	
SBR2016ACGTGCTACA ATGGCCGGTA CAAAGCGCTG CAAACCC.GT GAGGGGGAGC	
RC7 ACGTGCTACA ATGGCCGGTA CAAAACGCTG CAAACCC.GT GAGGGGGAGC	
RC14 ACGTGCTACA ATGGCCGGTA TAAAACGCTG CAAACCC.GT GAGGGGGAGC	
RC99 ACGTGCTACA ATGGCCGGTA CAAAACGCTG CAAACCC.GT GAGGGGGAGC	
RC11 ACGTGCTACA ATGGCCGGTA CAAAACGCTG CAAACCC.GT GAGGGGGAGC	
RC73 ACGTGCTACA ATGGCCGGTA CAAAACGCTG CAAACCC.GT GAGGGGGAGC	
RC90 ACGTGCTACA ATGGCCGGTA CAAAACGCTG CAAACCC.GT GAGGGGGAGC	
[1451	1500]
SBR1024CAATCCAAA AAACCGGCCT CAGTTCAGAT TGAGGTCTGC AACTCGACCT	
SBR1015CAATCGAAA AAACCGGCCT CAGTTCAGAT TGAGGTCTGC AACTCGACCT	
GC86 CAATCGAAA AAACCGGCCT CAGTTCAGAT TGAGGTCTGC AACTCGACCT	
SBR2046CAATCGAAA AAACCGGCCT CAGTTCAGAT TGAGGTCTGC AACTCGACCT	
RC25 CAATCGAAA AAACCGGCCT CAGTTCAGAT TGAGGTCTGC AACTCGACCT	
RC19 CAATCGAAA AAACCGGCCT CAGTTCAGAT TGAGGTCTGC AACTCGACCT	
SBR2016CAATCGAAA AAACCGGCCT CAGTTCAGAT TGAGGTCTGC AACTCGACCT	
RC7 CAATCGAAA AAACCGGCCT CAGTTCAGAT TGAGGTCTGC AACTCGACCT	
RC14 CAATCGAAA AAACCGGCCT CAGTTCAGAT TGAGGTCTGC AACTCGACCT	
RC99 CAATCGAAA AAACCGGCCT CAGTTCAGAT TGAGGTCTGC AACTCGACCT	
RC11 CAATCGAAA AAACCGGCCT CAGTTCAGAT TGAGGTCTGC AACTCGACCT	
RC73 CAATCGAAA AAACCGGCCT CAGTTCAGAT TGAGGTCTGC AACTCGACCT	
RC90 CAATCGAAA AAACCGGCCT CAGTTCANAT TGAGGTCTGC AACTCGACCT	

Fig. 8 (continued)

15/17

[1501	1550]				
SBR1024CATGAAGGCG	GAATCGCTAG	TAATCCCGGA	TCAG .CACGC	CGGGGTGAAT	
SBR1015CATGAAGGCG	GAATCGCTAG	TAATCCCGGA	TCAG .CACGC	CGGGGTGAAT	
GC86	CATGAAGGCG	GAATCGCTAG	TAATCCCGGA	TCAG .CACGC	CGGGGTGAAT
SBR2046CATGAAGGCG	GAATCGCTAG	TAATCCCGGA	TCAG .CACGC	CGGGGTGAAT	
RC25	CATGAAGGCG	GAATCGCTAG	TAATCGCGGA	TCAG .CACGC	CGCGGTGAAT
RC19	CATGAAGGCG	GAATCGCTAG	TAATCGCGGA	TCAG .CACGC	CGCGGTGAAT
SBR2016CATGAAGGCG	GAATCGCTAG	TAATCGCGGA	TCAG .CACGC	CGCGGTGAAT	
RC7	CATGAAGGCG	GAATCGCTAG	TAATCGCGGA	TCAG .CACGC	CGCGGTGAAT
RC14	CATGAAGGCG	GAATCGCTAG	TAATCGCGGA	TCAG .CACGC	CGCGGTGAAT
RC99	CATGAAGGCG	GAATCGCTAG	TAATCGCGGA	TCAG .CACGC	CGCGGTGAAT
RC11	CATGAAGGCG	GAATCGCTAG	TAATCGCGGA	TCAG .CACGC	CGCGGTGAAT
RC73	CATGAATGCG	GAATCGCTAG	TAATCGCGGA	TCAG .CACGC	CGCGGTGAAT
RC90	CATGAATGCG	GAATCGCTAG	TAATCGCGGA	TCAG .CACGC	CGCGGTGAAT
[1551	1600]				
SBR1024ACGTTCCCGG	GCCTTGTACA	CACCGCCCGT	CACACCACGA	AAGTTTGTG	
SBR1015ACGTTCCCGG	ACCTTGTACA	CACCGCCCGT	CACACCACGA	AAGTTTGTG	
GC86	ACGTTCCCGG	GCCTTGTACA	CACCGCCCGT	CACACCACGA	AAGTTTGTG
SBR2046ACGTTCCCGG	GCCTTGTACA	CACCGCCCGT	CACACCACGA	AAGTTTGTG	
RC25	ACGTTCCCGG	GCCTTGTACA	CACCGCCCGT	CACACCACGA	AAGCCTGTTG
RC19	ACGTTCCCGG	GCCTTGTACA	CACCGCCCGT	CACACCACGA	AAGCCTGTTG
SBR2016ACGTTCCCGG	GCCTTGTACA	CACCGCCCGT	CACACCACGA	AAGCCTGTTG	
RC7	ACGTTCCCGG	GCCTTGTACA	CACCGCCCGT	CACACCACGA	AAGCCTGTTG
RC14	ACGTTCCCGG	GCCTTGTACA	CACCGCCCGT	CACACCACGA	AAGCCTGTTG
RC99	ACGTNCCCGG	GCCTTGTACA	CACCGCCCGT	CACACCACGA	AAGCCTGTTG
RC11	ACGTNCCCGG	GCCTTGTACA	CACCGCCCGT	CACACCACGA	AAGCCTGTTG
RC73	ACGTNCCCGG	GCCTTGTACA	CACCGCCCGT	CACACCACGA	AAGCCTGTTG
RC90	ACGTNCCCGG	GCCTTGTACA	CGCCGCCCGT	CACACCACGA	AAGCCTGTTG
[1601	1650]				
SBR1024TACCTGAAGT	CGTTGGCGCC	AACC	GCAA	GGAGGCAGAC	
SBR1015TACCTGAAGT	CGTTGGCGCC	AACC	GCAA	GGAG- - - - -	
GC86	TACCTGAAGT	CGTTGGCGCC	AACC	GCAA	GGGGCAGAC
SBR2046TACCTGAAGT	CGTTGGCGCC	AACC	GCAA	GGAGGCAGAC	
RC25	TACCTGAAGT	CGCCCAAGCC	AACC	GCAA	GGAGGCAGGC
RC19	TACCTGAAGT	CGCCCAAGCC	AACC	GCAA	GGAGGCAGGC
SBR2016TACCTGAAGT	CGCCCAAGCC	AACC	GCAA	GGAGGCAGGC	
RC7	TACCTGAAGT	CGCCCAAGCC	AACC	GCAA	GGAGGCAGGC
RC14	TACCTGAAGT	CGCCCAAGCC	AACC	GCAA	GGAGGCAGGC
RC99	TACCTGAAGT	CGCCCAAGCC	AACC	GCAA	GAAGGCAGGC
RC11	TACCTGAAGT	CGCCCAAGCC	AACC	GCAA	GGAGGCAGGC
RC73	TACCTGAAGT	CGCCCAAGCC	AACC	GCAA	GGAGGCAGGC
RC90	TACCTGAAGT	CGCCCAAGCC	AACC	GCAA	GGAGGCANGC

Fig. 8 (continued)

16/17

[1651	1700]
SBR1024GCCCACGGTA	TGACCGATGA TTGGG-----
SBR1015-----	-----
GC86 GCCCACGGTA	TGACCGATGA TTGGGGTGAA GTCGTAACAA GGTAACCGTA
SBR2046GCCCACGGTA	TGACCGATGA TTGGGG-----
RC25 GCCCACGGTA	TGGCCCGTGA TTGGGGTGAA GTCGTAACAA GGTAACCGTA
RC19 GCCCACGGTA	TGGCCGGTGA TTGGGGTGAA GTCCTAACAA-----
SBR2016GCCCACGGTA	TGGC-----
RC7 GCCCACGGTA	TGGCCG-----
RC14 GCCCACGGTA	TGGCCGGTGA T-----
RC99 GCCCACGGTA	TGGCCGGTGA -----
RC11 GCCCACGGTA	TGGCCGGTGA TGGGG-----
RC73 GCCCACGGTA	TGGCCGGTGA TGGGG-----
RC90 GCCCACGGTA	TGGCCGGTGA TG...-----
[1701	1750]
SBR1024-----	-----
SBR1015-----	-----
GC86 ATC-----	-----
SBR2046-----	-----
RC25 AA-----	-----
RC19 -----	-----
SBR2016-----	-----
RC7 -----	-----
RC14 -----	-----
RC99 -----	-----
RC11 -----	-----
RC73 -----	-----
RC90 -----	-----

;

Fig. 8 (continued)

17/17

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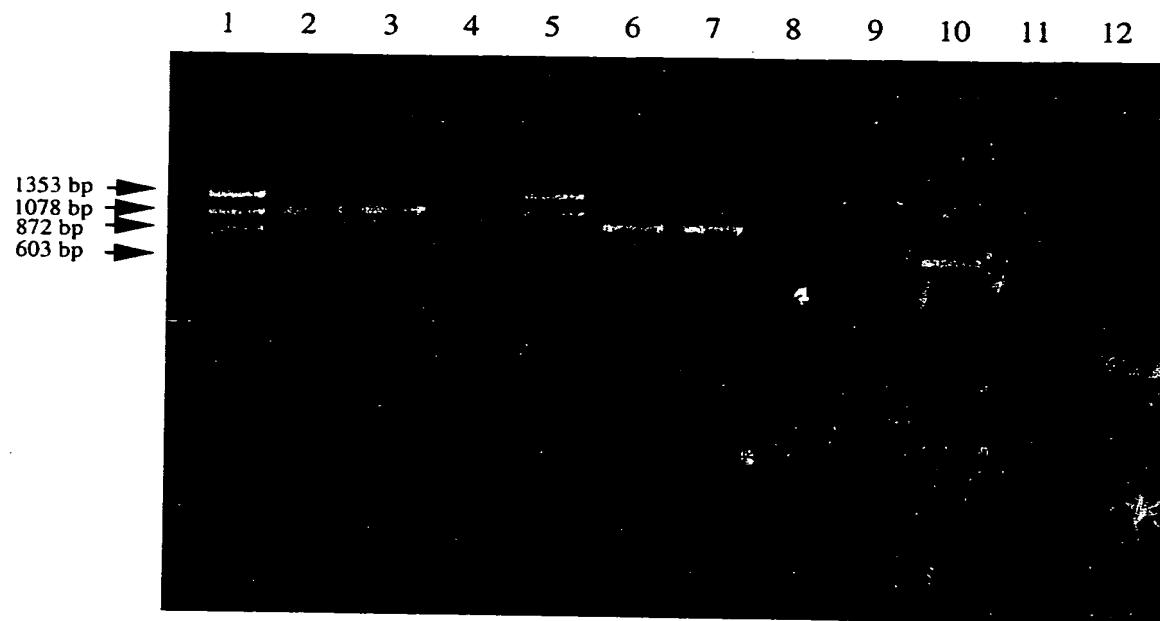


Fig. 9